# **SHARP SERVICE MANUAL**

### S5902R210ATPH

COMMERCIAL MICROWAVE OVEN

# MODELS R-1500AT R-2100AT

In the interests of user-safety the oven should be restored to its original condition and only parts identical to those specified should be used.

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### **CHAPTER 1. BEFORE SERVICING**

### [1] GENERAL IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Manual has been prepared to provide Sharp Corp. Service engineers with Operation and Service Information.

It is recommended that service engineers carefully study the entire text of this manual, so they will be qualified to render satisfactory customer service.

### WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT

THE WIRES IN THIS MAINS LEAD ARE COLOURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODE: GREEN-AND-YELLOW ------EARTH BLUE -------NEUTRAL BROWN ------LIVE

### [2] WARNING

Note:	The parts marked "A" are used at voltage more than 250V. (Parts List)
Anm:	Delar märket med "∆" har en spänning överstigande 250V.
Huom:	Huolto-ohjeeseen merkitty "∆" osat joissa jännite on yli 250 V.
Bemerk:	Deler som er merket "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "
Bemærk:	Dele mærket med "  "  "  " benyttes med højere spænding end 250 volt.

Never operate the oven until the following points are ensured.

(A) The door is tightly closed.

(B) The door brackets and hinges are not defective.

(C) The door packing is not damaged.

(D) The door is not deformed or warped.

(E) There is not any other visible damage with the oven.

Servicing and repair work must be carried out only by trained service engineers.

Removal of the outer wrap gives access to potentials above 250V.

All the parts marked "\*" on parts list may cause undue microwave exposure, by themselves, or when they are damaged, loosened or removed.

Personnel should not be exposed to the microwave energy which may radiate from the magnetron or other microwave generating devices if it is improperly used or connected. All input and output microwave connections, waveguides, flanges and gaskets must be secured.

Never operate the device without a microwave energy absorbing load attached. Never look into an open waveguide or antenna while the device is energized.

### VARNING MICKROVAGSSTRALING

Personal får inte utsättas för mikrovågsenergi som kan ustrala från magnetronen eller andre mikrovågsalstrande anordningar om dessa är felanslutna eller används på fel sätt. Alla in-och utgångsanslutningar för mikrovågor, vagledare, flänsar och packningar måste vara fast anslutna.

Mikrovågsgeneratorn får inte arbeta utan att absorberande belastning är ansluten. Titta aldrig in i ën öppen vågledare eller antenn när mikrovågsgeneratorn är påkopplad eller laddad.

### VAROITUS MIKROAALTOSÄTELYÄ

Käyttäjä ei saa joutua alttiiksi mikroaaltoenergialle, jota voi säteillä magnetronista tai muusta mikroaaltoja kehittävästä laitteesta, jos sitä käytetään tai jos se kytketään väärin. Kaikkien mikroaaltoliitäntöjen sekä syöttö-että ulostulopuolella, aaltoputkien laippojen ja tiivisteiden tulee olla varmistettuja.

Mikroaaltouunnia ei koskaan saa käyttää ilman kuormaa jossa mikroaaltoenergiaa kuluu. Avoimeen aaltoputkeen tai antenniin ei koskaan saa katsoa virran ollessa kytkettynä.

### ADVARSEL MIKROBØLGESTRÅLING

Personell må ikke utsettes for mikrobølge-energi som kan utståles fra magnetronen eller andre mikrobølge-generende deler dersom apparatet feilbetjenes eller blir feiltikoplet. Alle inn-og ut-tilkoplinger i forbindelse med mikrobølge-strålingen, bølgeledere, flenser og tetningsringer/pakninger må festes ordentlig.

Aldri bruk apparatet med mindre en mikrobålge-absorberende last er plassert i ovnsrommet.

Aldri se direkte inn i en åpen bølgeleder eller antenne imens apparatet er strømførende

### ADVARSEL MIKROBØLGEBESTRÄLING

Man bør ikke udsætte sig for mikrobølgebestråling fra magnetronen eller andre mikrobølgefrembringende anordninger, hvilket kan ske hvis apparatet er forkert tilsluttet eller bruges forkert. Alle mikrobølgeindgange og-udgange, bølgeledere, flanger og tætningsstrimler må være forsvarligt udført.

Anvend aldrig ovnen uden en mikrobølgesabsorberende anordning. Se aldrig ind i en åben bølgeleder eller antenne, mens ovnen er i brug.

### **CHAPTER 2. WARNING TO SERVICE PERSONNEL**

(GB) Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with following parts will result in electrocution.
 High voltage capacitor, High voltage transformer, Magnetron, High voltage rectifier assembly, High voltage harness.

### REMEMBER TO CHECK 3D

- 1) Disconnect the supply.
- 2) Door opened, and wedged open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.

#### WARNING: AGAINST THE CHARGE OF THE HIGH-VOLTAGE CAPACITOR

The high-voltage capacitor remains charged about 60 econds after the oven has been switched off. Wait for 60 seconds and then short-circuit the connection ofthe high-voltage capacitor (that is, of the connectinglead of the high-voltage rectifier) against the chassiswith the use of an insulated screwdriver.

Sharp recommend that wherever possible fault-findingis carried out with the supply disconnected. It may in, some cases, be necessary to connect the supply after the outer case has been removed, in this event carry out <u>3D</u> checks and then disconnect the leads to the primary of the high voltage transformer. Ensure that these leadsremain isolated from other components and the oven chassis. (Use insulation tape if necessary.) When the testing is completed carry out <u>3D</u> checks and reconnect the leads to the primary of the high voltage transformer.

#### **REMEMBER TO CHECK** <u>4R</u>

- 1) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
- 2) Replace the outer case (cabinet).
- 3) Reconnect the supply.
- 4) Run the oven. Check all functions.

Microwave ovens should not be run empty. To test for the presence of microwave energy within a cavity, place a cup of cold water on the oven turntable, close the door and set the power to HIGH and set the microwave timer for two (2) minutes. When the two minutes has elapsed (timer at zero) carefully check that the water is now hot.If the water remains cold carry out 3D checks and reexamine the connections to the component being tested.

When all service work is completed, and the oven is fully assembled, the microwave power output should be checked and a microwave leakage test should be carriedout.

(NL) Magnetronovens bevatten circuits die een zeer hoge spanning en stroom kunnen voortbrengen. Contact met de volgende onderdelen kan elektrocutie tot gevolg hebben.

Hoogspanningscondensator, hoogspanningstransformator, magnetron, hoogspanningsgelijkrichter, hoogspannings kabelboom

### **VERGEET DE VOLGENDE 3 STAPPEN NIET**

- 1) Haal de stekker uit het stopcontact.
- 2) Open de deur en zorg ervoor dat hij niet dicht kan vallen.
- 3) Ontlaad de hoogspanningscondensator.

## PAS OP VOOR DE ELECTRISCHE LADING VAN DE HOOGSPANNINGSCONDENSATOR

De hoogspanningscondensator blijft nog ongeveer 60 seconden lang opgeladen, nadat de oven is uitgeschakeld. Wacht 60 seconden voordat u de verbinding van de hoogspannings-condensator (m.a.w. de verbindingsdraad van de hoogspanningsgelijkrichter) met een geïsoleerde schroevedraaier kortsluit tegen het chassis.

Sharp beveelt ten sterkste aan dat, voor zover mogelijk, defecten worden opgespoord wanneer de stekker uit het stopcontact is gehaald. Soms is het nodig om de stroomtoevoer weer tot stand te brengen nadat de buitenmantel verwijderd is. Herhaal dan de bovengenoemde 3 stappen en haal deelectrische draden uit de primaire zijde van de vermogenstransformator. Zorg ervoor dat deze draden ge•soleerd blijven van andere elementen en van het chassis van de oven. (Gebruik zo nodig isolatieband.) Wanneer de test is uitgevoerd, herhaalt u de bovenstaande 3 stappen en verbindt u de electrische draden weer aan de primaire zijde van de vermogenstransformator.

### **VERGEET DE VOLGENDE 4 STAPPEN NIET**

- 1) Sluit de draden weer aan diezijn losgehaald voor de test.
- Plaats de buitenmantel weer om het toestel heen (kabinet).
- 3) Stop de stekker weer in het stopcontact.
- 4) Zet de oven aan. Controleer alle functies.

Magnetronovens mogen niet leeg aangezet worden. Om te controleren of er microgolf-energie binnen de oven wordt geproduceerd, plaatst u een mok met koud water op de draaitafel van de oven, sluit de deur, zet de oven op HIGH en stelt de klok van de magnetron in op twee (2) minuten. Wanneer de twee minuten voorbij zijn (klok staat op nul), controleert u voorzichtig of het water heet is. Indien het water nog steeds koud is, herhaalt u de allereerste drie stappen en controleer nogmaals de aansluitingen naar de geteste onderdelen.

Wanneer alle reparaties zijn uitgevoerd en de oven weer in elkaar is gezet, moet de het magnetronvermogen worden gecontroleerd en moet worden gecontroleerd of er geen microgolflekkage is. E Los hornos de microondas contienen circuitos eléctricos capaces de producir voltajes de alta tensión y descargas eléctricas. Para evitar el riesgo de electrocución, absténgase de tocar los siguientes componentes: condensador de alta tensión, transformador de alta tensión, magnetrón, dispositivo del rectificador de alta tensión y arnés de alta tensión.

#### **RECUERDE LA COMPROBACION 3D**

- 1) Desconecte la alimentación.
- 2) Deje la puerta abierta y calzada.
- 3) Descargue el condensador de alto voltaje.

#### ADVERTENCIA SOBRE LA CARGA DEL CONDENSADOR DE ALTOVOLTAJE

El condensador de alto voltaje permanece cargado unos 60 segundos después de haber apagado el horno. Espere 60 segundos y luego ponga en cortocircuito la conexión del condensador de alto voltaje (esto es, del conductor de conexión del rectificador de alto voltaje) al chasis con un destornillador de mango aislado.

Se recomienda encarecidamente que siempre que sea posible la localización de fallos se realice con la alimentación desconectada. Puede ser que en algunos casos sea necesario conectar la alimentación después de haber retirado la carcasa exterior. En este caso, realice las comprobaciones 3D y luego desconecte los conductores del primario del transformador de alimentación. Asegúrese de que estos conductores permanezcan aislados de otros componentes y del chasis del horno. (Use cinta aislante si es necesario). Cuando termine la prueba efectúe las comprobaciones 3D y reconecte los conductores al primario del transformador de alimentación.

### **RECUERDE LA COMPROBACION 4C**

- 1) Conecte todos los componentes desconectados de los componentes durante la prueba.
- 2) Coloque la carcasa exterior (cabina).
- 3) Conecte la alimentación.
- 4) Compruebe todas sus funciones despues de poner en marcha el horno.

Los hornos de microondas no deben funcionar vacíos. Para comprobar la presencia de energía de microondas dentro de una cavidad, coloque una taza de agua fría en el plato giratorio del horno, cierre la puerta y ponga la potencia en HIGH (alta) y coloque el temporizador en dos (2) minutos. Cuando transcurran los dos minutos (temporizador a cero) compruebe cuidadosamente que el agua se ha calentado. Si el agua permaneciese fría, efectúe las comprobaciones 3D y vuelva a examinar las conexiones de los componentes que han sido probados.

Cuando haya terminado la intervención en el equipo y el horno haya sido ensamblado de nuevo completamente, deberácomprobar la potencia de salida de microondas y realizar unaprueba de fugas de microondas.

SV Mikrovågsugnar innehåller kretsar som producerar mycket höga spänningar och strömmar. Kontakt med följande komponenter kan leda till dödsfall: Högspänningskondensator, transformator, magnetron, högspännings likriktare, högspännings kablage.

### KOM IHÅG ATT KONTROLLERA 3 STEG

- 1) Koppla från strömkällan.
- 2) Öppna dörren på glänt.
- 3) Ladda ur högspänningskondensatorn.

#### VARNING FÖR LADDNINGEN I HÖGSPÄNNINGSKONDENSATORN

Högspänningskondensatorn är laddad i 60 sekunder efter det att ugnen stängts av. Vänta 60 sekunder och korislut sedan kondensatoms anslutning (dvs anslutningen till högspänningslikriktaren) till chassiet med hjälp av en isolerad skruvmejsel.

Sharp rekommenderar att felsökning sker med strömmen fränkopplad. Ibland kan det var nödvändigt att koppla på strömmen efter det att höljet avlägsnats, utför da 3 Steg kontrollen och koppla sedan från ledarna till transformatorns primärsida. Se till att ledarna är isolerade från andra komponenter och chassiet. (Använd isoleringsband om detbehövs). När Du testat färdigt utför Du 3 Steg kontrollen ochansluter ledningarna till transformatorns primärsida igen.

### KOM IHÅG ATT KONTROLLERA 4 STEG

- 1) Anslut alla ledningar som använts vid testning
- 2) Sätt tillbaka ytterhöljet.
- 3) Anslut strömkällan p å nytt.
- 4) Sätt på ugnen. Kontrollera alla funktioner.

Mikrovågsugnar får inte användas tomma. Kontrollera mikrovågsstrålningen i olika delar av ugnen genom att placera en kopp med kallt vatten på ugnens tallrik, stäng dörren, ställ in HIGH och ställ in 2 minuter på timern. När två minuter har gått (timem visar 0) kontrollerar du om vattnet är varmt. Om vattnet fortfarande är kallt utför Du 3 steg kontroller och kontrollerar anslutningarna till varje enskild komponent på nytt.

När all service är klar och ugnen ihopskruvad skall ugnens uteffekt och eventuellt mikrovågsläckage kontrolleras.

I forni a microonde contengono un circuito elettrico in grado di generare tensioni e correnti estremamente elevate.
 L'eventuale contatto con i seguenti componenti può causare la folgorazione:
 condensatore ad alta tensione; trasformatore ad alta tensione; magnetron; rettificatore alta tensione; cablaggio ad alta tensione.

### TRE OPERAZIONI IMPORTANTI PER INCOMINCIARE

- 1) Scollegare l'alimentazione elettrica.
- 2) Verificare che la porta sia bloccata in posizioneta. aper
- 3) Scaricare il condensatore ad alta tensione.

#### ATTENZIONE AL CONDENSATORE AD ALTA TENSIONE: PUO ESSERE CARICO

Il condensatore ad alta tensione rimane carico per circa 60 secondi dopo lo spegnimento del forno. Occorre quindi spettare 60 secondi prima di cortocircuitare, utilizzandoun cacciavite con impugnatura isolata, il collegamento del condensatore ad alta tensione (cioè del conduttore di collegamento del raddrizzatore ad alta tensione) sul telaio del forno.

Sharp raccomanda, nei limiti del possibile, che la ricerca dei guasti avvenga in assenza di alimentazione elettrica. In alcuni casi tuttavia, può essere necessario alimentare l'apparecchiodopo aver rimosso la scatola esterna. In questo caso eseguire i tre controlli sopra citati e quindi scollegare i connettori dal primario del trasformatore. Assicurarsi che tali connettori non vengano a contatto con altri componenti, ne con il telaio del forno (fare uso, se necessario, di nastro isolante). Al termine dell'intervento, eseguire nuovamente i tre controlli e ricollegare i conduttori al primario del trasformatore.

### QUATTRO VERIFICHE IMPORTANTI DA NON DIMENTICARE

- 1) Ricollegare tutti i conduttori staccati dai vari componenti durante l'intervento.
- 2) Rimontare la scatola esterna.
- 3) Ripristinare l'alimentazione elettrica.
- 4) Rimettere in funzione il forno. Controllare tutte le funzioni.

I forni a microonde non devono mai funzionare a vuoto. Per verificare la presenza di energia da microonde all'interno di una cavitá, mettere una tazza di acqua fredda sul piatto rotante del forno, chiudere la porta, regolare la potenza su HIGH ed impostate il temporizzatore su due (2) minuti. Trascorsi i due minuti (temporizzatore a zero), controllare accuratamente che ora l'acqua sia calda. Se l'acqua è rimasta fredda, eseguire i tre controlli iniziali e verificare nuovamente i collegamenti del componente in questione.

Dopo aver portato a termine le operazioni di manutenzione e rimontato il forno, è necessario controllare la potenza delle microonde emesse ed eseguire un test per verificare che non vi sia alcuna dispersione.

### R1500AT CHAPTER 3. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

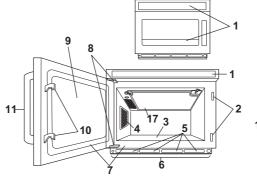
### [1] SPECIFICATIONS

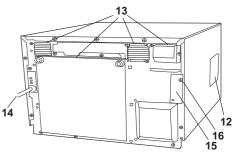
ITEM		DESCRIPTION
Power Requirements		Single phase 230V, 50Hz, 3 wire earthed
Power Consumption		2.3kW
		3.0kW
Power Output R-1500AT R-2100AT		1500W Operating frequency 2450 MHz (IEC60705)
		2100W Operating frequency 2450 MHz (IEC60705)
Outside Dimensions		445mm (W) x 573mm (D) x 346mm (H) (including feet)
Cooking Cavity Dimer	nsions	356mm (W) x 326mm (D) x 177mm (H)
Cooking Cavity Dimensions Control Complement		Touch Control System Digital Display Ten number Pads STOP/CLEAR pad CUSTOM SETTING pad START pad POWER LEVEL pad (Power level: 0 to 100%) MANUAL/ REPEAT pad DOUBLE/ TRIPLE QUANTITY pad EXPRESS DEFROST pad SET MEMORY pad
Weight		Approx. 33.5 kg

### [2] APPEARANCE VIEW

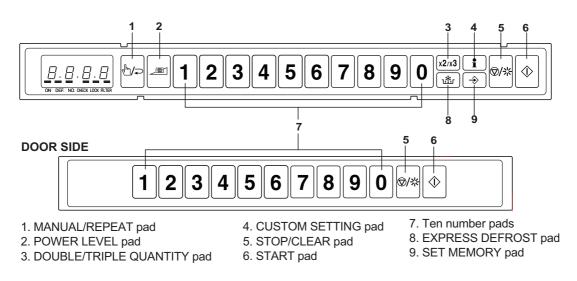
### 1. OVEN

- 1. Touch control panels
- 2. Door latch openings
- 3. Ceramic shelf
- 4. Oven lamp
- 5. Air intake openings
- 6. Air intake flter
- 7. Door seals and sealing surfaces
- 8. Door hinges
- 9. Oven door with see-through window
- 10. Door latches
- 11. Door handle
- 12. Service window for replacing the oven light bulb
- 13. Ventilation openings
- 14. Power supply cord
- 15. Mounting plate
- 16. Screw for mounting plate
- 17. Splash cover





### 2. TOUCH CONTROL PANEL



### [3] INSTALLATION INFORMATION

When this commercial microwave oven is installed near other commercial electrical appliances, connect a lead wire to each equivalent potential terminal with equipotential marking between them (insert a lead wire between a washer and an earth angle, and screw them), as shown in Fig. A-1, to make sure that they are at equivalent potential. If any lead wire is not connected between them, when person touch them he/she will get a electric shock.

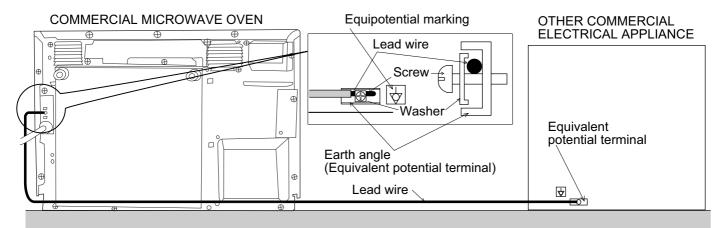


Figure A-1

### [1] DESCRIPTION OF OPERATING SEQUENCE

The following is a description of component functions during oven operation.

#### **1. OFF CONDITION**

1. When the oven is plugged in with the door closed, the line voltage is supplied to the noise filter. And the display shows nothing.

(Refer to Figure O-1(a))

2. When the door is opened with plugged in, the contacts (COM-NC) of the secondary interlock switch (1) SW1 are closed. And the line voltage is supplied to the switching power supply unit (power unit), the oven lamp and antenna motors. Then the switching power supply unit supplies D.C. voltage (approx.24V) to the relay unit. And the contacts of the relay RY-4 on the relay unit are closed. The display shows "0".

(Refer to Figure O-1(b))

3. When the door is closed, the contacts (COM-NC) of the secondary interlock switch SW1 are opened. Because the contacts of the relay RY-4 has been closed, the line voltage is kept supplying to the switching power supply unit, oven lamp and antenna motors. And the switching power supply unit keeps supplying D.C. voltage to the relay unit. The display shows "0".

(Refer to Figure o-1(c))

NOTE: The contacts of the relay RY-4 will open if the oven is not operated for 3 minutes or more. And the oven condition will go back to one of Figure O-1(a).

### 2. COOKING CONDITION

(For details, refer to Figure O-2)

Press MANUAL/ REPEAT pad. Enter cooking time by pressing the number pads. Press the POWER LEVEL pad. Enter power level by pressing the number pad. When the START pad is pressed, the following operations occur:

- The contacts of relays are closed. And the oven lamp and the antenna motors connected to the relays are turned on (For details, refer to Figure O-2).
- 2. D.C. voltage is supplied to the fan motors, exhaust fan and exhaust motor from the control unit.
- Rated voltage is supplied to the primary winding of the power transformer and is converted to about 3.00 volts output on the filament winding, and approximately 2320 volts on the high voltage winding.
- 4. The filament winding voltage heats the magnetron filament and the H.V. winding voltage is sent to a voltage doubler circuit.
- The microwave energy produced by the magnetron is channelled through the waveguide into the cavity feed-box, and then into the cavity where the food is placed to be cooked.
- 6. Upon completion of the cooking time, the oven will revert to the OFF condition. The fan motors, exhaust fan and the exhaust motor will operate at least for 1 minute. Because the contacts of RY4 have been closed. And also the oven lamp and antenna motors will operated at the same time.
- When the door is opened during a cook cycle, monitor switches SW3 & SW4, door sensing switch SW5, secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 and primary interlock relay RY1 are activated with the following results. The circuits to the high voltage components are de-energized.

- 8. The monitor switch SW3 is electrically monitoring the operation of the secondary interlock switch SW1 and primary interlock relay RY1, and monitor switch SW4 is electrically monitoring the operation of the secondary interlock switch SW2 and primary interlock relay RY1, and monitor switches SW3, SW4 are mechanically associated with the door so that it will function in the following sequence.
  - When the door opens from a closed position, the contacts of the primary interlock relay RY1 and the contacts (COM-NO) of secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 open. Then the monitor switches SW3, SW4 contacts close.
  - (When the door is closed from the open position, the monitor switches SW3, SW4 contacts first open, and then the contacts (COM-NO) of the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 close.

If the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 and primary interlock relay RY1 fail with their contacts closed when the door is opened, the closing of the monitor switches SW3, SW4 contacts will form a short circuit through the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 and primary interlock relay RY1, causing the fuse F8 to blow.

### 3. VARIABLE POWER COOKING

When Variable Cooking Power is programmed, the rated voltage A.C. is supplied to the power transformer intermittently through the contacts of relay (RY-2, RY-3). Relays RY-2 and RY-3 are operated by the control unit within an interval 54 second time base. Microwave power operation is as follows:

VARI-MODE	ON TIME	OFF TIME
100%	54 sec.	0 sec.
90%	49 sec.	5 sec.
80%	45 sec.	9 sec.
70%	40 sec.	14 sec.
60%	36 sec.	18 sec.
50%	29 sec.	25 sec.
40%	24 sec.	30 sec.
30%	18 sec.	36 sec.
20%	13 sec.	41 sec.
10%	9 sec.	45 sec.
0%	0 sec.	54 sec.

NOTE: The ON/OFF time ratio does not exactly correspond with the percentage of microwave power, because approx. 3 seconds are needed for heating of the magnetron filament.

#### 4. TWO MAGNETRON OPERATION SYSTEM

Two magnetrons MG1, MG2 are equipped in order to get higher microwave power output. The primary windings of the power transformers T1, T2 are connected so that each magnetron can be oscillated alternatively according to the frequency of the power supply. Refer to the Figure B-1.

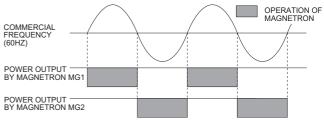


Figure B-1. Operation of Magnetron

### [2] DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION OF COMPONENTS

### **1. DOOR OPEN MECHANISM**

- 1. The handle lever is pulled.
- 2. The upper and lower latch heads are lifted up by the linked latch lever.
- 3. The latch lever is lifted up by the handle lever.
- 4. Now both latch heads are lifted up, so they can be released from the latch hook.
- 5. Now the door can be opened.

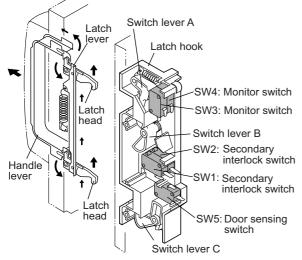


Figure D-1. Door Open Mechanism

### 2. DOOR SENSING SWITCH: SW5

The door sensing switch is activated by the latch head of the door and switch lever C. When the door is opened, the contacts of the switch open and interrupt the circuit to the coils of the primary interlock relay. The contacts of the primary relay then open and interrupt the circuit to the primary winding of the power transformers T1, T2.

### 3. SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES: SW1, SW2

The secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 are activated by the upper latch head of the door and switch lever B. When the door is opened, the contacts (COM-NO) of the switch open and interrupt the circuit to the primary winding of the power transformers T1, T2. When the door is opened, the contacts (COM-NC) of the switch SW1 close and the line voltage is supplied to the switching power supply unit. At the same time, the contacts of relay RY4 are closed.

### 4. MONITOR SWITCHES: SW3, SW4

The monitor switches SW3, SW4 are mounted in the upper position of the latch hook. The monitor switches are activated by the upper latch head of the door and switch lever A. When the door is opened, the contacts of the monitor switches close. Monitor switch SW3 is intended to render the oven inoperative by means of blowing the weak point (F1), when the contacts of the primary interlock relay and secondary interlock switch SW1 fail to open when the door is opened. Monitor switch SW4 is intended to render the oven inoperative by means of blowing the weak point (F2), when the contacts of the primary interlock relay and secondary interlock relay and secondary interlock relay and secondary interlock switch SW2 fail to open when the door is opened.

#### Functions:

With the door shut, the contacts of the door sensing switch SW5 and the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 are closed and the contacts of the monitor switches SW3, SW4 are open.

1. When the door is opened, the contact of the door sensing switch SW5 and secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 are opened first, then the contact of the monitor switches SW3, SW4 are closed.

- As the door goes to a closed position, the contacts of the monitor switches SW3, SW4 are opened first, then the contacts of the door sensing switch SW5 and the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 close.
- If the door is opened, and the contacts of the primary interlock relay RY1 and secondary interlock switch of the same circuit fail to open, the weak point blows simultaneously with closing of the monitor switch contacts of that circuit.
- CAUTION: BEFORE REPLACING A BLOWN FUSES F8 (F1, F2) TEST THE DOOR SENSING SWITCH SW5, PRIMARY INTERLOCK RELAY RY1, SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES SW1, SW2, DOOR SENSING SWITCH SW5 AND MONITOR SWITCHES SW3, SW4 FOR PROPER OPERATION. (REFER TO CHAPTER "TEST PROCE-DURE").

### 5. WEAK POINT: F1, F2

- 1. The weak point blows when the contacts (COM-NO) of the primary interlock relay (RY1) and secondary interlock switch SW1 or SW2 remain closed with the oven door open and when the monitor switch (SW3 or SW4) closes.
- If the wire harness or electrical components are short-circuited, this weak point (F1, F2) blows to prevent an electric shock or fire hazard.
- 3. The weak point also blows when the asymmetric rectifier, H.V. rectifier, H.V. wire harness, H.V. capacitor, magnetron or secondary winding of power transformer is shorted.

### 6. MAGNETRON TEMPERATURE FUSES: TF1, TF2

The temperature fuses TF1, TF2 located on the top of the upper and lower waveguide, are designed to prevent damage to the magnetrons MG1, MG2. If an over heated condition develops in the tube due to blower motor failure, obstructed air ducts, dirty or blocked air intake, etc., the circuit to the magnetrons are interrupted. Under normal operation, the temperature fuses remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are generated within the magnetron, the temperature fuse will open at 302°F (150°C) causing the microwave energy to stop. The defective temperature fuse must be replaced with new rated one.

### 7. OVEN TEMPERATURE FUSE: TF3

The temperature fuse, located on the side of the exhaust duct assembly, is designed to prevent damage to the oven by fire. If the food load is overcooked, by either error in cook time or defect in the control unit, the temperature fuse will open. Under normal operation, the oven temperature fuse remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are generated within the oven cavity, the oven temperature fuse will open at 248°F (120°C), causing the oven to shut down. The defective temperature fuse must be replaced with new rated one.

### 8. EXHAUST THERMISTOR

The exhaust thermistor is located on the side of the exhaust duct assembly. The temperature in the exhaust duct is detected through the resistance of the thermistor. If the temperature is high, the control panel will display"EE7" and the oven will stop to avoid overheating and catching fire. If the thermistor is open, the control panel will display "EE8" and the oven will stop.

### 9. MAGNETRON THERMISTOR: TH

The thermistor is a negative temperature coefficient type. The air temperature around the upper and lower magnetrons is detected through the resistance of the thermistor. If the temperature is high, the control panel will display "EE7" and the oven will stop to protect the magnetrons against overheat. If the magnetron thermistor is open, the control panel will display "EE8" and the oven will stop.

### 10. FAN MOTORS: FM

The fan motors drive blades which draw external cool air into the oven. This cool air is directed through the air vanes surrounding the magnetrons and cools the magnetrons. This air is channelled through the oven cavity to remove steam and vapours given off from the heating foods. It is then exhausted through the exhausting air vents at the oven cavity. During cooking, they operate. After cooking, the fan motors will operate at least for 1 minute and the maximum operating time is 4 minutes. When the temperature of the magnetron thermistor becomes bellow  $110^{\circ}$ C, the fan motors will stop.

These two (2) fan motors are D.C. motors.

#### **11. EXHAUST MOTOR: EM**

The exhaust motor is located on the side of the exhaust duct assembly. This motor drives a blade in the exhaust duct assembly. The driven blade draws the external cool air into the oven from the intake duct assembly. Then it sends the air out of the oven through the exhaust duct assembly. During cooking, the exhaust motor operates. After cooking, it will operate at least for 1 minute and the maximum operating time is 4 minutes. When the temperature of the exhaust thermistor becomes bellow 65°C, the exhaust motor will stop. This motor is D.C. motor.

NOTE: Do not disconnect the power supply from the exhaust motor when it is turned on. Or it may be out of order.

### 12. ANTENNA MOTORS: AM

The upper and lower antenna motors drive antennas to radiate the microwave.

### 13. EXHAUST FAN: EF

The exhaust fan is located to the rear cover. It sends the air (which is at the top of the oven cavity) out of the oven. This motor is D.C. motor.

#### **14. ANTENNA SENSOR**

The antenna sensors are located to the top and bottom of the oven cavity. And they watch if the antennas are rotating or not.

#### **15. MIROWAVE SENSOR**

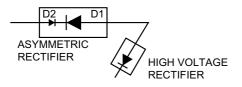
The microwave sensor is located on the top of the oven cavity. And it watch if the microwave is radiated into the oven cavity or not.

#### 16. WEAK POINT (IN THE NOISE FILTER)

If the wire harness or electrical components make a short-circuited, this weak point blows to prevent an electric shock or fire hazard.

### 17. H.V. ASYMMETRIC RECTIFIER (1) (2)

The H.V.asymmetric rectifiers (1) (2) are solid state devices that prevent current flow is both directions. And they prevent the temperature rise of the power transformers (1) (2) by blowing the fuses weak point F1, F2 when the high voltage rectifiers (1) (2) are shorted. The rated peak reverse voltage of D1 of the asymmetric rectifier is 6 KV. The rated peak reverse voltage of D2 of the asymmetric rectifier is 1.7 KV. D1 and D2 of the asymmetric rectifier or high voltage rectifier are shorted when the each peak reverse voltage goes beyond the each rated peak reverse voltage. (The process of the blowing the weak point.)



NOTE: The H.V.asymmetric rectifier is assembled with the high voltage rectifier actually.

- 1. The high voltage rectifier is shorted by some fault when microwave cooking or dual cooking.
- 2. The peak reverse voltage of D2 of the rectifier goes beyond the rated peak reverse voltage 1.7 KV in the voltage doubler circuit.
- 3. D2 of the rectifier is shorted.
- 4. The large electric currents flow through the high voltage winding of the power transformer.
- 5. The large electric currents beyond 8A flow through the primary winding of the power transformer.
- 6. The fuse 8A blows by the large electric currents.
- 7. The power supplying to the power transformer is cut off.

#### 18. OVEN LAMP: OL

The oven cavity light illuminates the interior of the oven so that food being cooked can be examined visually through the door window without having to open the door.

#### **19. NOISE FILTER**

The noise filter prevents the radio frequency interference that might flow back in the power circuit.

### **CHAPTER 5. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

Never touch any part in the circuit with your hand or an uninsulated tool while the power supply is connected.

When troubleshooting the microwave oven, it is helpful to follow the Sequence of Operation in performing the checks. Many of the possible causes of trouble will require that a specific test be performed. These tests are given a procedure letter which will be found in the "Test Procedure" section.

### IMPORTANT:

If the oven becomes inoperative because of a blown weak point F1 (or F2), check the monitor switches SW3 (or SW4), primary interlock relay RY1, door sensing switch SW5 and secondary interlock switch SW1 (or SW2), before replacing the weak point F1 (or F2).

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M															$\square$	
-	VEAK POINT (for Exhaust fan motor)								•						$\square$	
H	VEAK POINTS (for Fan motors)													•	$\square$	
Ē	USE F8 F1, F2														$\vdash$	
Ĥ	ME AOTOM TRUAHX															
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Н	OVEN LAMP OR SOCKET												-		$\vdash$	
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$\mathbf{x}$	AGUETRON TEMP. FUSE TF1, TF2	N							•		•					
5	VEAK POINT (in Noise filter)	w			•				-		_					
Ċ	IONITOR SWITCH SW3, SW4	N														
ш	OOR SENSING SWITCH SW5	a								$\bullet$						•
ш	RIMARY INTERLOCK SYSTEM	Ы														•
ш	ECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCH SW1, SW2	s													$\square$	
	IGH VOLTAGE CAPACITORC1, C2	н														
U	I.V. RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY (1), (2)	н														
В	OWER TRANSFORMER T1, T2	Ч														
∢	AGUETRON MG1, MG2	Ν														
		1	<u>s</u>	-MC	e.	fter	-wol	go	NN	nen	우루	er-				len
Щ		ŀ	cord	n po	whe	minute after	s lo	jot ö	shuts down	cycle when		orop				cycle when hed.
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			Home fuse blows when pow plugged into wall receptacle	Weak point (in noise filter) blows when pow- er cord is plugged into wall receptacle.	" . " does not appear in display when power cord is first plugged into wall receptacle.	Oven lamp does not go on for 1 door is opened.	It seems that the output power is er or higher than the rated one.	Oven lamp and antenna motors on in cook cycle.	Oven goes into a cook cycle but before and off cooking cycle.	Oven does not go into cook START pad is touched.	Low or no power is produced during cook- ing condition. (The food is heated incom- pletely or not heated at all.)	Variable cooking does not operates proper- ly, except HIGH power functions.	Fan motor does not operate.	Exhaust fan does not operate.	Exhaust motor does not operate	Oven doen not go into cook or START pad on the door is touch
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				L	CONDITION											
		5			50						30					

### R1500AT SPECIFICATION OF ERROR

Outline	Operation when error occurs	Display in operation usually
When a basic performance and the function are ruined	Displaying and heating stop	EE0, EE1, EE2, EE3, EE8
When the dangers of the state of the high temperature and the ignition, etc. are foreseen	Displaying and heating stop	EE7
When you mistake the setting of the heating time	Operation stop	EE9
When neither the power supply nor the environmental condition are proper	Operation stop	EE4, EE5, EE6
When informing of the exchange time of parts	Display Only	CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4

		TEST PROCEDURE	Α	В	D	С	E	F	Н		K		М										R	Р	S	S	Т	
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		$\backslash$	Magnetron MG1and /or MG2	Power transformer T1 &	High voltage capacitor C1 and /or	H.V.rectifier assembly 1 and/or 2	Secondary interlock switch SW1 and/or SW2	Primary interlock system	Fuse 8A F1	Weak points for Fan motors (DC24V)	Magnetron temp. fuse TF1 and/or TF2	Magnetron thermistor 1	Exhaust thermistor	Fan motors FM	Exhaust motor EM	Antenna motor	Air flow blocked	Low or High power supply voltage	No load or small load operation	Loose wiring	Exceeding of	Burned food	Relay unit	Control unit	Antenna sensor (1) (Upper)	Antenna sensor (2) (Lower)	Microwave sensor	Frequency of power
Liqual arror	Error history		]n€	l er	ž	e.	pud	nar	e 0	<u> </u>	lue	Ju€	au	Ε	au	E	ē	ō	oa	se	ē	ne	≥	tro	enr	en	õ	Ť
display	Error history display	Contont of ormer	1ac	8	<u>ig</u>	≥.	ecc		SU	Ve	lag	1ac	[눈]	an	돈	Ĕ	Ē	Ś	0	8	X	n	lei	l õ	nte	Ľ,	1ici	ĕ
		Content of error		₽	Т			٩		5		2	ш	ш	ш	∢	∢	Ĺ	z	Ĺ	Ш	Ш			◄	◄	2	ш
EE1	EE 1	Failer of high voltage circuit 1	٠		•		•		•											•			•	•				
EE2	EE 2	Failer of high voltage circuit 2	•	•	•		•		•		•									•			•	•		$\square$		
EE3		Failer of high voltage circuit 1&2	•		•	•	•	•	•		•									•				•				
EE4	EE 4	Too high of input voltage(+13%)	<u> </u>															•					•	•		$\square$		
EE5	EE 5	Too low of input voltage(-13%)																•		•		-	•	•				
EE7	EE 7	Food burned (temp., too high)														_						•		•				
EE8	EE 8	Melted contacts of relays														_					•		$\bullet$	•				
EE9	EE 9 EE 10	Over maximum cooking time EEPROM error																			•			•				_
EE8 EE1			0																									_
EE1 EE2	EE 11 EE 21	Life end of magnetron MG1 Life end of magnetron MG2	0																					-				_
EE3	EE 21 EE 31	Life end of magnetron MG2	0													_								-				_
EE8	EE 81	Life end of relays RY2/RY3														_							0	•				_
EE3	EE 83	Over Current error		•												_							ĕ	Ĭ				
EE0		MG1 Cooling Fan lock judge		-						•				•		_				•				•				
EE0		MG2 Cooling Fan lock judge								Ť				ŏ						Ĭ				Ĭ				_
EE0		Exhaust motor lock judge						-		-					•					ĕ				•		$\vdash$		
EE0	EE 54	Life end of exhaust motor													•					-				•		$\square$		_
EE0	EE 15	MG1 antenna rotation error														•				•				ě	•			
EE0	EE 25	MG2 antenna rotation error														ŏ				Ĭ						•		
EE0		MG1/2 antenna rotation error														ŏ				Ō				•	•	ŏ		
EE8		MG1 thermistor open										•				_				۲				Ó				
EE8		MG2 thermistor open										Ŏ								$\bullet$				•				
EE7		MG1 temperature, too high	•									_		$\bullet$			$\bullet$			$\bullet$								
EE7		MG2 temperature, too high	۲											•			•			ullet				•				
EE8	EE 18	Magnetron MG1	$\bullet$																	$\bullet$							$\bullet$	
EE8	EE 28	Magnetron MG2	$\bullet$																								$\bullet$	
EE8	EE 38	Magnetron MG1& MG2	$\bullet$																	$\bullet$				$\bullet$			$\bullet$	
EE8	EE 29	Exhaust thermistor open/short											$\bullet$							$\bullet$				•				
EE6	EE 19	No food																	•					•				
EE6	EE 39	Small food																	$\bullet$					$\bullet$				
EE60	EE 60	Not correct frequency																										•

NOTE 1: If the power supply voltage is higher than 240V+10% (264V), EE4 will be displayed. If the power supply voltage is lower than 230V-12% (202V), EE5 will be displayed.

NOTE 2: "O" means that the parts should be replaced if EE11, EE21, EE31 or EE81 is indicated on the display when error histories are checked.

NOTE 3: 1) If the magnetrons are used for more than 4000 hours, EE11, EE21 or EE31 will appear when error histories are checked.
2) If the on/off counts of the relay (RY2 or RY3) become more than 400000 times, EE81 will appear when error histories are checked.
3) Even if EE11, EE21, EE31 or EE81 appears when error histories are checked, if the oven is not operated for 3 minutes or more, or if the oven is disconnected from the power supply once and then the oven is connected to the power supply, the oven can be operated once more. But after that when the oven is going to be used again, EE1, EE2, EE3 or EE8 will appear and the oven will not operate.

Display for maintenance		Error his-	Content of maintenance	Check item	Parts to be		
CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4	tory display	Content of maintenance	Check item	replaced
0				-	MG1 exchange time information	Using time of MG1	MG1
	0			-	MG2 exchange time information	Using time of MG2	MG2
		0		-	Exhaust Fan motor exchange time information	Using time of Exhaust motor	Exhaust motor
			0	-	T/C unit exchange time information	Using number of times of RY2/RY3	Relay unit

### **CHAPTER 6. TEST PROCEDURES**

### [1] A: MAGNETRON TEST

#### NEVER TOUCH ANY PART IN THE CIRCUIT WITH YOUR HAND OR AN INSULATED TOOL WHILE THE OVEN IS IN OPER-ATION.

#### SERVICE INFORMATION

IMPORTANT: When the magnetron MG1 and/or MG2 is replacing, the relays (RY3 and RY4) on control unit must be replaced at the same time. Because if the magnetron's life has been over, the relay's life may also be over.

#### CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.

Isolate the magnetron from high voltage circuit by removing all leads connected to filament terminal.

To test for an open circuit filament use an ohmmeter to make a continuity test between the magnetron filament terminals, the meter should show a reading of less than 1 ohm.

To test for short circuit filament to anode condition, connect ohmmeter between one of the filament terminals and the case of the magnetron (ground). This test should be indicated an infinite resistance. If a low or zero resistance reading is obtained then the magnetron should be replaced.

#### 1. MICROWAVE OUTPUT POWER (1 litre water load)

The following test procedure should be carried out with the microwave oven in a fully assembled condition (outer case fitted). Microwave output power from the magnetron can be measured by IEC test procedure, i.e. it can be measured by using water load how much it can be absorbed by the water load. To measure the microwave output power in the microwave oven, the relation of calorie and watt is used. When P(W) heating works for t (second), approximately P x t/4.187 calorie is generated. On the other hand, if the temperature of the water with V(ml) rises  $\Delta T$  (°C) during this microwave heating period, the calorie of the water is v x  $\Delta T$ .

The formula is as follows;	
P x t / 4.187 = V x ∆ T+ 0.55 x mc (T2-T0)	P (W) = 4.187 x V x ∆T / t + 0.55 x mc (T2-T0)/t
Our condition for water load is as follows:	Power supply Voltage Rated voltage
Room temperature (T0) around 20°C	Initial temperature (T1) 10±1°C
Water load1000 g	Mass of container (mc) 330 g
Heating time28 sec. [R-1500AT]/ 20 sec. [R-2100	AT] P = 150 x ∆T [R-1500AT] P = 210 x ∆T [R-2100AT]
T2 Final Temperature	

Measuring condition:

1) Container

The water container must be a cylindrical borosilicate glass vessel having a maximum material thickness of 3 mm and an outside diameter of approximately 190 mm.

2) Temperature of the oven and vessel

The oven and the empty vessel are at ambient temperature prior to the start of the test.

3) Temperature of the water

The initial temperature of the water is  $(10\pm1)^{\circ}C$ 

- 4) Select the initial and final water temperature so that the maximum difference between the final water temperature and the ambient temperature is 5°C.
- 5) Select stirring devices and measuring instruments in order to minimize addition or removal of heat.
- 6) The graduation of the thermometer must be scaled by 0.1°C at minimum and an accurate thermometer.
- 7) The water load must be  $(1000\pm5)$  g.
- 8) "t" is measured while the microwave generator is operating at full power. Magnetron filament heat-up time is not included.

NOTE: The operation time of the microwave oven is "t + 3" sec. (3 sec. is magnetron filament heat-up time.)

#### Measuring method:

1) Measure the initial temperature of the water before the water is added to the vessel.

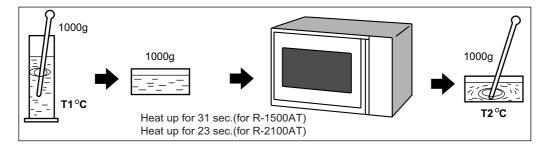
(Example: The initial temperature T1 =  $11^{\circ}C$ )

- 2) Add the 1 litre water to the vessel.
- 3) Place the load on the centre of the shelf.
- Operate the microwave oven at HIGH until the temperature of the water rises by a value ∆T of (10±2)K.
- 5) Stir the water to equalize temperature throughout the vessel.
- 6) Measure the final water temperature. (Example: The final temperature T2 = 21°C)
- 7) Calculate the microwave power output  $\underline{P}$  in watts from above formula.

Room temperature	To = 21°C
Initial temperature	T1 = 11°C
Temperature after (28 + 3) = 31 sec. (for R-1500AT)	
Temperature after (20 + 3) = 23 sec. (for R-2100AT)	T2 = 21°C
Temperature difference Cold-Warm	∆T1 = 10°C
Measured output power	
The equation is "P = 150 x $\triangle$ T" (for R-1500AT)	P = 150 x 10°C = 1500 Watts
The equation is "P = 210 x $\triangle$ T" (for R-2100AT)	P = 210 x 10°C = 2100 Watts

#### JUDGEMENT: The measured output power should be at least $\pm$ 15% of the rated output power.

CAUTION: 1°C CORRESPONDS TO 150WATTS (for R-1500AT)/ 210WATTS (for R-2100AT). REPEAT MEASUREMENT IF THE POWER IS INSUF-FICIENT.



### [2] B: POWER TRANSFORMER TEST

WARNING: High voltages and large currents are present at the secondary winding and filament winding of the power transformer. It is very dangerous to work near this part when the oven is on. NEVER make any voltage measurements of the high-voltage circuits, including the magnetron filament.

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- Disconnect the leads to the primary winding of the power transformer. Disconnect the filament and secondary winding connections from the rest of the HV circuitry. Using an ohmmeter, set on a low range, it is possible to check the continuity of all three winding. The following readings should be obtained:

a.Primary winding ----- approximately 1.3  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ 

b.Secondary winding ----- approximately 76  $\Omega$ 

c.Filament winding ----- less than 1  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ 

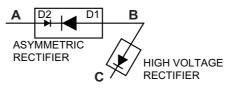
If the readings obtained are not stated as above, then the power transformer is probably faulty and should be replaced.

3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

### [3] C: HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER (1) AND/OR (2) TEST

#### **1. HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIERFTEST**

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Isolate the high voltage rectifier assembly from the HV circuit. The high voltage rectifier can be tested using an ohmmeter set to its highest range. Connect the ohmmeter across the terminal B+C of the high voltage rectifier and note the reading obtained. Reverse the meter leads and note this second reading. The normal resistance is infinite in one direction and more than 100k ohms in the other direction.
- 3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.



### 2. ASYMMETRIC RECTIFIER TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Isolate the high voltage rectifier assembly from the HV circuit. The asymmetric rectifier can be tested using an ohmmeter set to its highest range across the terminals A+B of the asymmetric rectifier and note the reading obtained. Reverse the meter leads and note this second reading. If an open circuit is indicated in both directions then the asymmetric rectifier is good. If the asymmetric rectifier is shorted in either direction, then the asymmetric rectifier is faulty and must be replaced with high voltage rectifier. When the asymmetric rectifier is defective, check whether magnetron, high voltage rectifier, high voltage wire or filament winding of the power transformer is shorted.

3. CARRY OUT **4R** CHECKS.

NOTE: Be sure to use an ohmmeter that will supply a forward bias voltage of more than 6.3 volts.

### [4] D: HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR (C1) AND/OR (C2) TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. If the capacitor is open, no high voltage will be available to the magnetron. Disconnect input leads and check for short or open between the terminals using an ohmmeter.

Checking with a high ohm scale, if the high voltage capacitor is normal, the meter will indicate continuity for a short time and should indicate an open circuit once the capacitor is charged. If the above is not the case, check the capacitor with an ohmmeter to see if it is shorted between either of the terminals and case. If it is shorted, replace the capacitor.

3. CARRY OUT 4R CHECKS.

### [5] E: SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCH (SW1) AND/OR (SW2) TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM.) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the secondary interlock switch.
- Isolate the switch (SW1) and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM.) and normally close (NC) terminal of the switch (SW1). The meter should indicate a close circuit with the door open and an open circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the switch (SW1).
- 4. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

### [6] F: PRIMARY INTERLOCK SYSTEM TEST

### 1. DOOR SENSING SWITCH (SW5)

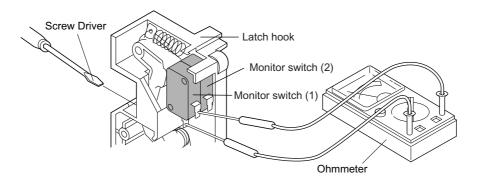
- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM.) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the door sensing switch.
- 3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

#### 2. PRIMARY INTERLOCK RELAY (RY1)

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect two (2) wire leads from the male tab terminals of the Primary Interlock Relay RY1. Check the state of the relay contacts using a ohmmeter. The relay contacts should be open. If the relay contacts are closed, replace the circuit board entirely or the relay itself.
- 3. CARRY OUT 4R CHECKS.

### [7] G: MONITOR SWITCH (SW3) AND/OR (SW4) TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Before performing this test, make sure that the secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 and the primary interlock relay RY1 are operating properly, according to the above Switch Test Procedure. Disconnect the wire lead from the monitor switches SW3, SW4 (COM) terminals. Check the monitor switches SW3, SW4 operation by using the ohmmeter as follows. When the door is open, the meter should indicate a closed circuit. When the monitor switch actuator is pushed by a screw driver through the upper latch hole on the front plate of the oven cavity with the door opened (in this condition the plunger of the monitor switch is pushed in), the meter should indicate an open circuit. If improper operation is indicated, the switch may be defective. After testing the monitor switches, reconnect the wire lead to the monitor switch (COM) terminals and check the continuity of the monitor circuit.
- 3. CARRY OUT 4R CHECKS.



### R1500AT [8] H: WEAK POINT F1, F2 TEST

1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.

- 2. If the weak point F1 or F2 is blown when the door is opened, check the primary interlock relay RY1, secondary interlock switches SW1, SW2 and monitor switches SW3, SW4 according to the "TEST PROCEDURE" for those switches before replacing the blown weak point F1 or F2.
- CAUTION: CAUTION: BEFORE REPLACING A BLOWN WEAK POINT F1 OR F2, TEST THE PRIMARY INTERLOCK RELAY RY-1, SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES SW1, SW2, DOOR SENSING SWITCH SW5 AND MONITOR SWITCHES SW3, SW4 FOR PROPER OPERA-TION.
- 3. If the weak point is blown, check the magnetron, high voltage capacitor, high voltage rectifier assembly, according to the "TEST PROCEDURE" before replacing the blown weak point. Then replace the weak point.
- 4. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

### [9] I: WEAK POINT (FOR FAN MOTOR ) TEST

#### CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.

If the weak point is blown, the fan motor or exhaust fan could be locked or there could be a shorts in the fan motor or exhaust fan. Check them and replace the defective parts.

CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

CAUTION: Only replace weak point with the correct value replacement.

### [10] J: WEAK POINT (IN NOISE FILTER) TEST

#### CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.

If the weak point is blown, there could be a shorts or grounds in electrical parts or wire harness. Check them and replace the defective parts or repair the wire harness.

#### CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

CAUTION: Only replace weak point with the correct value replacement.

### [11] K: TEMPERATURE FUSE TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. A continuity check across the temperature fuse terminals should indicate a closed circuit unless the temperature of the temperature fuse reaches specified temperature as shown below.

	Open temperature	Close temperature	Display or Condition	Check point
Magnetron temperature fuse (1)			EE1	Magnetron (MG1) Failure: Test magnetron (MG1) and fan motor.
Magnetron temperature fuse (2)	150°C	Non resetable type	EE2	Magnetron (MG2) Failure: Test magnetron (MG2) and fan motor.
Magnetron temperature fuse (1), (2)			EE3	Magnetron (MG1), (MG2) Failure: Test magnetron (MG1), (MG2). Check fan motor and ventilation opening.
Oven temperature fuse	120°C	Non resetable type	Oven shut off	Food has been burned in oven. Temperature of oven inside is very high.

#### 3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

CAUTION: IF THE TEMPERATURE FUSE INDICATES AN OPEN CIRCUIT AT ROOM TEMPERATURE, REPLACE TEMPERATURE FUSE.

### [12] L: MAGNETRON THERMISTOR TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect the connector of the magnetron thermistor from the harness. Measure the resistance of each thermistor with an ohmmeter. Connect the ohmmeter leads to the connector of each thermistor.

Room temperature	Resistance				
20°C	Approx. 750K $\Omega$				

If the meter does not indicate above resistance, replace the thermistor.

3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

### [13] M: EXHAUST THERMISTOR TEST

The exhaust thermistor can be checked by using the Special function (SF-6). Check the exhaust thermistor, referring to the pages of the Exhaust thermistor check (SF-6).

If the display shows "OH", the exhaust thermistor is normal. If the display shows "no", the exhaust thermistor is abnormal and it should be replaced.

### [14] N: NOISE FILTER TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect the lead wires from the terminal the noise filter. Using an ohmmeter, check between the terminals as described in the following table. If incorrect reading are obtained, replace the noise filter.
- 3. CARRY OUT <u>4R</u> CHECKS.

MEASURING POINT	INDICATION OF OHMMETER
Between source terminals	Approx. 470KΩ
Between source (Black) and load (Black) terminals	Short circuit.
Between source (White) and load (White/Brown) terminals	Short circuit.

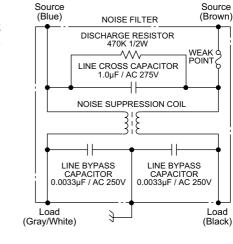
### [15] O: KEY UNIT TEST

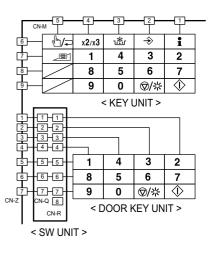
- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Check Key unit ribbon connection before replacement.
- 3. If key unit ribbon connection is normal, carry out the following procedures.
- 4. Re-install the rear cover and the outer case (cabinet).
- 5. Reconnect the power supply cord.
- 6. The following symptoms indicate a defective key unit.
  - 1) When touching the pads, a certain pad produces no signal at all.
  - 2) When touching a number pad, two figures or more are displayed.
  - 3) When touching the pads, sometimes a pad produces no signal.
- 7. When you can not judge if the key unit is normal or not by using the item 8 above, carry out following test procedures.
  - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case and rear cover.
  - 2) Open the door and block it open.
  - 3) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
  - 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
  - 5) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
  - 6) Reconnect the power supply cord.
  - 7) If the display fails to clear when the STOP/CLEAR pad is depressed, first verify the flat ribbon cable is making good contact, verify that the door sensing switch (stop switch) operates properly; that is the contacts are closed when the door is closed and open when the door is open. If the door sensing switch (stop switch) is good, disconnect the flat ribbon cable that connects the key unit to the control unit and make sure the door sensing switch is closed (either close the door or short the door sensing switch connector). Use the Key unit matrix indicated on the control panel schematic and place a jumper wire between the pins that correspond to the STOP/CLEAR pad making momentary contact. If the control unit does not respond, it is faulty and must be replaced. If a specific pad does not respond, the above method may be used (after clearing the control unit) to determine if the control unit or key pad is at fault.
  - 8) For the door key unit, check the open/short and/or connection of the switch unit and the harness, too.
- 8. If the Key unit is defective.
  - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case and rear cover.
  - 2) Open the door and block it open.
  - 3) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
  - 4) Replace the Key unit.
  - 5) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
  - 6) Re-install the rear cover and the outer case (cabinet).
  - 7) Reconnect the power supply cord after the rear cover and the outer case are installed.
  - 8) Run the oven and check all functions.

### [16] P: CONTROL UNIT TEST

The following symptoms indicate a defective control unit. Before replacing the control unit, perform the Key units test (Procedure O) to determine if control unit is faulty.

Connect the power supply cord. And check for followings.





- 1. In connection with pads
  - 1) When touching the pads, a certain group of pads do not produce a signal.
  - 2) When touching the pads, no pads produce a signal.
- 2. In connection with display
  - 1) At a certain digit, all or some segments do not light up.
  - 2) At a certain digit, brightness is low.
  - 3) Only one indicator does not light.
  - 4) The corresponding segments of all digits do not light up; or they continue to light up.
  - 5) Wrong figure appears.
  - 6) A certain group of indicators do not light up.
  - 7) The figure of all digits flicker.
- 3. Other possible problems caused by defective control unit.
  - 1) Buzzer does not sound or continues to sound.
  - 2) Cooking is not possible.
- 4. If the protectors F1 and/or F2 on the control unit PWB are open, the control unit is defective. To check, carry out following procedures.
  - i) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case and rear cover.
  - ii) Open the door and block it open.
  - iii) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
  - iv) Remove the control unit from the control panel, referring to "CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY AND CONTROL UNIT REMOVAL".
  - v) Check the continuity of the protectors F1 and F2 on the control unit

### [17] Q: POWER UNIT TEST

- 1. Check the out put voltage of power unit at CN21 as follows.
  - i) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case and rear cover.
  - ii) Open the door and block it open.
  - iii) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
  - iv) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
  - v) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
  - vi) Check the voltage between Pin No1 and No2 of CN21.
  - vii) The output voltage should be approx. 24V.
  - viii) If not so, the power unit is defective.
- 2. Check the continuity of the fuse F1 and protector F21 on the power unit as follows.
  - i) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case and rear cover.
  - ii) Open the door and block it open.
  - iii) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
  - iv) Remove the power unit from the oven, referring to "POWER UNIT REMOVAL".
  - v) Check the continuity of the fuse F1 and the protector F21.
  - vi) If they are open, the power unit is defective

### [18] R: RELAY UNIT TEST

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the relay unit from the oven, referring to "RELAY UNIT REMOVAL".
- 3. Check the continuity of the FUSE1 on the relay unit.
  - 1) If it is open, the relay unit is defective.
- 4. Check the open and /or short of the transformer primary coil on the relay unit.
  - 1) If it is open and /or short, it is defective.
- 5. Check the state of the relays contacts RY-1, RY-2 and RY-3 using an ohmmeter.
  - 1) The relay contacts should be open. If not so, the relay unit is defective.

### [19] S: ANTENNA SENSOR TEST

There is no test procedure for the antenna sensor.

When the error history display shows EE15, EE25 or EE35, if the antenna motors, control unit and wiring are normal, the antenna sensor may be defective.

### [20] T: MICROWAVE SENSOR TEST

There is no test procedure for the microwave sensor.

When the error history display shows EE18, EE28 or EE38, if the magnetrons, control unit and wiring are normal, the microwave sensor may be defective.

### [1] SPECIAL FUNCTION FOR SERVICING

This oven has the special functions for servicing as shown in the table 1 ~ 4.

By using the special function, service person can check the using time or the using number of times for the electrical parts. Also service person can check the AC supply voltage and /or set the standard voltage.

When "SF-2" is selected, the display will show the total cooking number of times.

Table 1. Total cooking number of times

Set	Contents (decimal)	Max.	Data clear	New data set
SF-2	Total cooking number of times	9999(x100) times	0	0

The service person can check and /or carry out the contents as shown in the table 2.

Table 2. Special function

contents	key	Display	After plug in
Check, clear and set of using time or number of times	2	SF-2	
Error history	4	SF-4	
Check of AC supply voltage	5	SF-5	
Exhaust thermistor check	6	SF-6	Yes
Set standard voltage for production.	7	SF-7	Yes
Model name Making date of software	CUSTOM HELP	cd XX (Model) XX XX (Date) XX XX (Time)	

NOTE: The function marked "yes" can be used only after the oven is plugged in again.

#### 1. Check, clear and set of using time or number of times

When the display shows "CC" and the number as shown in the table 3,

- 1) Before replacing the parts, check the using time or number of times about the parts.
- 2) If the using time or number of times go over the limit level, replace the defective parts.
- 3) After replacing the parts, clear the using time or number of times about the parts, referring to the table 4.

#### Table 3. CC error

Display	Content	Limit level	Action
"CC", "1." repeatedly	Magnetron 1 (top)	1250 hour	Display only
"CC", "2." repeatedly	Magnetron 2 (bottom)	1250 hour	Display only
"CC", "3." repeatedly	Exhaust motor	3000 hour	Display only
"CC", "4." repeatedly	Need to change relay unit	MG Relay 200000 times	Display only
"CC", "1.2.4." repeatedly	Some maintenance occurs same time Ex. Magnetron 1&2 and relay unit		Display only

The using time or using number of times can be checked or set by using the number pads after "SF-2" is set.

Table 4. Using time or number of times about each part

Contents (decimal)	10 key	Max.	Data clear	New data set	Limit of factory setting
Using time of MG 1 (top)	1	9999 hours	0	0	—
Using time of MG 2 (bottom)	2	9999 hours	0	0	—
Using number of times of MG 1 (top) relay	3	999 (x 1000) times	0	0	—
Using number of times of MG 2 (bottom) relay	4	999 (x 1000) times	0	0	—
Total cooking time (hour. min.)	5	99 hours 59min.	0	0	—
Total cooking time (hundred hour)	6	9999 hundred hours	0	0	—
Using time of exhaust motor	7	9999 hours	0	0	—
Exhaust motor limit time	8	9999 hours	-	0	3000 hours
Magnetron limit time	9	9999 hours	-	0	1250 hours
Relay limit ON/OFF count	0	999 (x 1000) counts	_	0	400 (x1000) counts

For example: Procedure to check the total cooking number of times (example, 957700 times) and using time (example, 1260 hours) of MG 1 and set 0 hours after MG1 is replaced.

•: no sound O: 0.1 second sound O: 2.0 second sound O: (0.06 sec. ON, 0.06 sec. OFF) x 2 beeps

☆: [(0.04 sec. ON, 0.04 sec. OFF) x 3] x 4 beeps □: (0.1 sec. ON, 0.1 sec. OFF) x 10 beeps

Оре	ration	Display	Indicator	Sound
		0		
Г	→ POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 300.)	START	0		
	- STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
		La construction de la constructi		
	2	SF2		0
	(after 1 sec.)	9577	CHECK	
	· · · ·	(total counter for serviced [x 100])		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1	1260	снеск	0
	MANUAL/ REPEAT	0		0
	START	SF-2		8
	2.7	- <b>L</b>		-
	STOP/CLEAR	0		

For example: Procedure to check the total cooking number of times (example, 957700 times) and clear it and check using time (example, 1260 hours) of MG 1 and set the using time (example, 1000 hours) of MG1.

Operation	Display	Indicator	Sound
(within 20 sec.) (within 20 sec.) POWER LEVEL SET MEMORY START STOP/CLEAR 2 (after 1 sec.) MANUAL/ REPEAT START	0 0 0 SF- \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	СНЕСК	
START 1 MANUAL/ REPEAT 1,0,0,0 START STOP/CLEAR	SF-2 ↓ 1260 0 1000 SF-2 ↓ 0	CHECK	© 0 0x4 ©

For example : Procedure to change the limit time of magnetron from 1250 hours to 2000 hours if need. The timing that CC1 or CC2 is shown in the display can be changed.

Оре	ration	Display	Indicator	Sound
		0		
Г	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 300.)	START	0		
	→ STOP/CLEAR	SF-		
		↓		
	2	SF2		
	(after 1 sec.)	9577	CHECK	
	. ,	(total counter for serviced [x 100])	↓	
	9	1250	снеск	0
	MANUAL/ REPEAT	0		0
	2,0,0,0	2000		Ox4
	START	SF-2		8
		Ļ		
	STOP/CLEAR	0		

### 2. Error history (SF-4)

You can check the most recent 10 error histories.

For example: Procedure to check the error histories that have been memorized in memory 1, memory 2 and memory 9.

Operation		Display	Indicator	Sound
		0		
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 300.)	START	0		
	→ STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
	4	SF-4		0
		•		
	1 (latest error No.)	#1 EE 1		0
	2 (1 time previous error)	EE 6		0
9 (8 times previous error)		EE24		0
;	#2 POWER LEVEL	0		8

#1 If there is no error "0" will be displayed.

#2 If you touch POWER LEVEL, all history are cleared.

#### **Detail explanation**

This model have 2 setting modes below when a magnetron is failure.

- 1) EE1 or EE2 appears and the oven stops.
- 2) EE1 or EE2 appears but the oven continues to work with another magnetron.

In case of 1),EE1 or EE2 is memorized in the microwave oven as the error history.

In case of 2),EE1 or EE2 is not memorized in the microwave oven as the error history.

The case 1) is set up at the factory and delivered.

Customer can set the case 2) as shown in the operation manual.

Max.10 error codes can be memorized in the microwave oven as the error history. And you can see the error history by using the special function for servicing (SF-4).

If EE1 or EE2 is appeared and the microwave oven is used continually, the error history would be full with EE1 or EE2 and last other error code will be deleted. So EE1 or EE2 is not memorized as the error history to avoid above problem when they set up the case 2).

### 3. Check of AC supply voltage (SF-5)

You can check the current voltage of AC supply.

For example: Procedure to check current voltage (In case of over 230V)

Op	Operation			Sound
		0		
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 300.)	START	0		
	STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
	5	HIGH (over230V)		0
		↓		
	STOP/CLEAR	0		0

For example: Procedure to check current voltage (In case of under 230V)

Op	Display	Indicator	Sound	
		0		
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 sec.)	START	0		
	STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
	5	LO (under 230V)		0
	STOP/CLEAR	↓ v		0

For example: Procedure to check current voltage (In case of over
264V(240 +10%)

Op	Display	Indicator	Sound	
	0			
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 sec.)	START	0		
	→ STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
5 STOP/CLEAR		EE4		0
		<b>*</b> 0		0

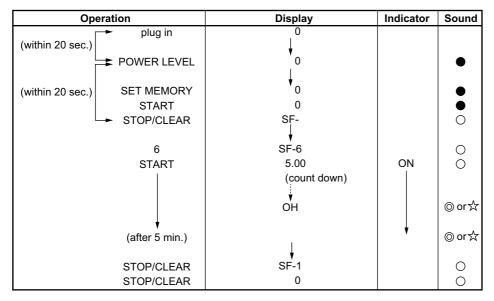
For	example:	Procedure	to	check	current	voltage	(In	case	of
und	er 202V(23	0V12%)							

Op	Display	Indicator	Sound	
	0			
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY	0		
(within 20 sec.)	START	0		
	→ STOP/CLEAR	SF-		0
5		EE5		0
STOP/CLEAR		<b>*</b> 0		0

### 4. Exhaust thermistor check (SF-6)

You can check if the exhaust thermistor works correctly or not by using this function.

For example: In case the exhaust thermistor works correctly (275ml water load is necessary.), the display will show "OH" as follows.



For example: In case the exhaust thermistor works incorrectly (275ml water load is necessary), the display will show "no" as follows. In that case, the exhaust thermistor should be checked or replaced.

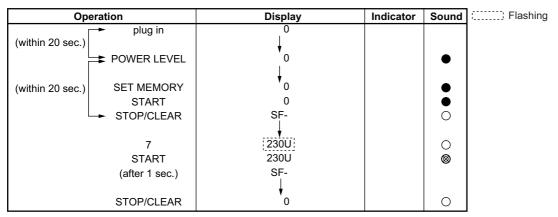
Ор	eration	Display	Indicator	Sound
(within 20 sec.)	plug in	0		
	POWER LEVEL	0		
(within 20 sec.)	SET MEMORY START	<b>*</b> 0		
	START STOP/CLEAR	SF-		• •
	6	∳ SF-6		0
	START	5.00 (count down)	ON	0
	Ļ	v no		
	(after 5 min.)	l l		⊚or☆
	STOP/CLEAR	SF-1		0
	STOP/CLEAR	0		0

### 5. Set of standard voltage (SF-7)

When the control unit or the relay unit is replaced, set the standard voltage, referring to following procedure. Because the control unit judges if the AC supply voltage is 240V+10% or 230V-12% by comparing with the standard voltage. The temporary standard voltage is set when the oven is shipped from the factory. But when the control unit is replaced to new one, it does not have the standard voltage. When the relay unit is replaced to new one, set the standard voltage has error of  $\pm 5\%$ .

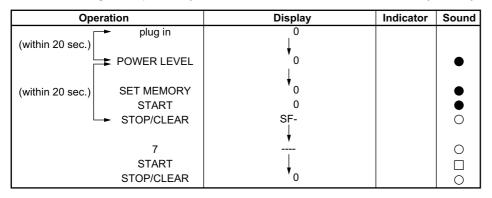
The standard voltage can be set by using this function. For this model's standard voltage is 230V.

For example: Procedure to set the standard voltage (in case input voltage is  $230V \pm 1V$ )



For example: In case that AC supply voltage is out of range from tentative memorized voltage (240V +10% ~ 230V-12%), the display will show "----" as follows.

At that time, the voltage of AC power may be not suitable or the control unit and /or the relay unit may be out of order.



For example: Procedure to set standard voltage at 230V(230V±1V) area.

Operation	Display	Indicator	Sound	Flashing
(within 20 sec.)	0			
POWER LEVEL	0		•	
(within 20 sec.) SET MEMORY	*0		•	
START STOP/CLEAR	0 SF-		0	
7	[230U]		0	
START	230U		ø	
(after 1 sec.)	SF-			
STOP/CLEAR	0		0	

### 6. CUSTOM HELP

You can check if the correct control unit is installed or not by using this function.

Procedure to check the model name and making date of software.

Ор	eration	Display	Indicator	Sound
(within 20 sec.)	<ul> <li>plug in</li> <li>POWER LEVEL</li> <li>SET MEMORY</li> </ul>			•••
	START → STOP/CLEAR	0 SF- ↓		0
	CUSTOM	t <sup>#1</sup> cXXH (model name) ↓ XXXX (date)		0
	STOP/CLEAR	C XXXX (time)		0

#1: The display will show "c21H" or "c15H".

"c21H" means model R-2100AT. "c15H" means model R-1500AT.

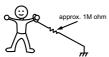
### R1500AT [2] SERVICING FOR BRINTED WIRING BOARDS

### 1. Precautions for Handling Electronic Components

This unit uses CMOS LSI in the integral part of the circuits. When handling these parts, the following precautions should be strictly followed. CMOS LSI have extremely high impedance at its input and output terminals. For this reason, it is easily influenced by the surrounding high voltage power source, static electricity charge in clothes, etc. and sometimes it is not fully protected by the built-in protection circuit.

In order to protect CMOS LSI.

- 1) When storing and transporting, thoroughly wrap them in aluminium foil. Also wrap PW boards containing them in aluminium foil.
- 2) When soldering, ground the technician as shown in the figure and use grounded soldering iron and work table.



### 2. Servicing of Printed Wiring Boards

We describe the procedures to permit servicing of the printed wiring boards of the microwave oven and the precautions you must take when doing so. To perform the servicing, power to the printed wiring boards is available either from the power line of the oven itself or from an external power source.

- 1. Servicing the printed wiring boards with power supply of the oven:
- CAUTION: THE POWER TRANSFORMER OF THE MICROWAVE OVEN IS STILL LIVE DURING SERVICING AND PRE-SENTS A HAZARD.

Therefore, before checking the performance of the printed wiring boards,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case and rear cover.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge two high voltage capacitors.
- 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the two power transformers.
- 5) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
- 6) After that procedure, re-connect the power supply cord.

After checking the performance of the printed wiring boards,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- Re-connect the leads to the primary of the two power transformers.
- 4) Re-install the rear cover and the outer case (cabinet).
- 5) Re-connect the power supply cord after the rear cover and the outer case is installed.
- 6) Run the oven and check all functions.
  - a) On some models, the power supply cord between the printed wiring boards and the oven itself is so short that the they can't be separated. For those models, check and repair all the printed wiring boards (sensor-related ones included) of the printed wiring boards while keeping it connected to the oven.

- b) On some models, the power supply cord between the printed wiring boards and the oven proper is long enough that they may be separated from each other. For those models, it is possible to check and repair the controls of the printed wiring boards while keeping it apart from the oven proper; in this case you must short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the printed wiring boards with a jumper, which activates an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed. As for the sensor-related controls of the printed wiring boards, checking them is possible if dummy resistor(s) with resistance equal to that of the controls are used.
- 2. Servicing the printed wiring boards with power supply from an external power source:

Disconnect the printed wiring boards completely from the oven proper, and short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the printed wiring boards, which activates an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed. Connect an external power source to the power input terminal of the printed wiring boards, then it is possible to check and repair the controls of the printed wiring boards it is also possible to check the sensor-related controls of the printed wiring boards by using the dummy resistor(s).

### 3. Servicing Tools

Tools required to service the printed wiring boards assembly.

1) Soldering iron: 60W

(It is recommended to use a soldering iron with a grounding terminal.)

- Oscilloscope: Single beam, frequency range: DC 10MHz type or more advanced model.
- 3) Others: Hand tools

#### 4. Other Precautions

- 1) Before turning on the power source of the printed wiring boards, remove the aluminium foil applied for preventing static electricity.
- Connect the connector of the key unit to the printed wiring boards being sure that the lead wires are not twisted.
- After aluminium foil is removed, be careful that abnormal voltage due to static electricity etc. is not applied to the input or output terminals.
- Attach connectors, electrolytic capacitors, etc. to PWB, making sure that all connections are tight.
- 5) Be sure to use specified components where high precision is required.

### CHAPTER 8. PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LEAD-FREE SOLDER

### Employing lead-free solder

The "Main PWB" of this model employs lead-free solder. This is indicated by the "LF" symbol printed on the PWB and in the service manual. The suffix letter indicates the alloy type of the solder.

Example:



Indicates lead-free solder of tin, silver and copper

### Using lead-free wire solder

When repairing a PWB with the "LF" symbol, only lead-free solder should be used. (Using normal tin/lead alloy solder may result in cold soldered joints and damage to printed patterns.)

As the melting point of lead-free solder is approximately 40°C higher than tin/lead alloy solder, it is recommend that a dedicated bit is used, and that the iron temperature is adjusted accordingly.

### Soldering

As the melting point of lead-free solder (Sn-Ag-Cu) is higher and has poorer wet ability, (flow), to prevent damage to the land of the PWB, extreme care should be taken not to leave the bit in contact with the PWB for an extended period of time. Remove the bit as soon as a good flow is achieved. The high content of tin in lead free solder will cause premature corrosion of the bit. To reduce wear on the bit, reduce the temperature or turn off the iron when it is not required.

Leaving different types of solder on the bit will cause contamination of the different alloys, which will alter their characteristics, making good soldering more difficult. It will be necessary to clean and replace bits more often when using lead-free solder. To reduce bit wear, care should be taken to clean the bit thoroughly after each use.

### **CHAPTER 9. COMPONENT REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE**

### [1] WARNINGS

### WARNING AGAINST HIGH VOLTAGE:

Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with following parts may result in severe, possibly fatal, electric shock.

(Example)

High Voltage Capacitor, Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc...

# WARNING: Avoid possible exposure to microwave energy. Please follow the instructions below before operating the oven.

- 1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
- 2. Make sure that a definite "click" can be heard when the microwave oven door is unlatched. (Hold the door in a closed position with one hand, then pull the door handle lever with the other, this causes the latch leads to rise, it is then possible to hear a "click" as the door switches operate.)
- 3. Visually check the door and cavity face plate for damage (dents, cracks, signs of arcing etc.).

Carry out any remedial work that is necessary before operating the oven.

Do not operate the oven if any of the following conditions exist;

1. Door does not close firmly.

- 2. Door hinge, support or latch hook is damaged.
- 3. The door gasket or seal is damaged.
- 4. The door is bent or warped.
- 5. There are defective parts in the door interlock system.
- 6. There are defective parts in the microwave generating and transmission assembly.
- 7. There is visible damage to the oven.

Do not operate the oven:

- 1. Without the RF gasket (Magnetron).
- 2. If the wave guide or oven cavity are not intact.
- 3. If the door is not closed.
- 4. If the outer case (cabinet) is not fitted.

### WARNING FOR WIRING

To prevent an electric shock, take the following precautions.

- 1. Before wiring,
  - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord.
  - 2) Open the door block it open.
  - Discharge the two high voltage capacitor and wait for 60 seconds.
- 2. Don't let the wire leads touch to the following parts;
  - High voltage parts: Magnetron, Power transformer, High voltage capacitor, High voltage rectifier assembly and High voltage wire.
     Hot parts:

Oven lamp, Magnetron, Power transformer and

Oven cavity.

- Sharp edge: Bottom plate, Oven cavity, Waveguide flange Chassis support and other metallic plate.
- Movable parts (to prevent a fault) Blower fan blade, Blower fan motor, Switches, Switch levers, Antenna motor and Stirrer antennas.
- 3. Do not catch the wire leads in the outer case cabinet.
- Insert the positive lock connector until its pin is locked and make sure that the wire leads do not come off even if the wire leads are pulled.
- 5. To prevent an error function, connect the wire leads correctly, referring to the Pictorial Diagram.

Please refer to "OVEN PARTS, CABINET PARTS, CONTROL PANEL PARTS, DOOR PARTS", when carrying out any of the following removal procedures:

### [2] OUTER CASE AND REAR COVER REMOVAL

To remove the components, procedure as follows.

- 1. Disconnect the oven form the power supply.
- 2. Open the door and wedge it open.
- 3. Remove the eleven (11) screws from the rear and along side the edge of the outer case.
- NOTE: Do not lose the support angle at this time.
- 4. Slide the case back about 1 inch (3 cm) to free it from the oven cavity.
- 5. Lift entire case from the unit.

- 6. DISCHARGE TWO HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITORS BEFORE TOUCHING ANY OVEN COMPONENTS OR WIRING.
- 7. Now, outer case is free.
- NOTE: Step 1, 2 and 6 form the basis of the <u>3D</u> checks.

#### To remove rear cover:

- 8. Remove the four (4) screws holding the magnetron exhaust cover to the rear cover.
- NOTE: The magnetron exhaust cover can not be removed from the rear cover.
- 9. Disconnect the connector of the fan motor from the connector of harness.

- 10.Remove the six (6) screws holding the rear cover and exhaust cover to the bottom plate, power supply cord angle, intake duct and exhaust duct.
- 11. Remove the rear cover with the fan motor and exhaust cover from the oven cavity.

### [3] POWER TRANSFORMERS (1) AND/OR (2) REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- Disconnect the main wire harness from power transformers (1) and/or (2).
- 4. Disconnect wire leads of power transformers (1) and/or (2) from magnetrons (1) and/or (2).

### [4] MAGNETRONS (1) AND/OR (2) REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Disconnect the connector of the magnetron thermistor assembly from the connector of the harness.
- 4. Remove the magnetron thermistor assembly from magnetrons.
- 5. Disconnect wire leads from magnetrons (1) and/or (2).
- 6. Remove the two (2) screws holding the bottom cover to the bottom plate assembly.
- 7. Remove the bottom cover from the bottom plate assembly.
- Remove the four (4) screws holding each magnetron (1) and/or (2) to upper and/or lower waveguide. When removing the screws, hold the magnetron to prevent it from falling.

### [5] MAGNETRON THERMISTOR ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT

#### 1. REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Disconnect the connector of the magnetron thermistor assembly from the capacitor of the harness.
- 4. Remove the snap band of magnetron thermistor assembly from the hole of the partition cover by pulling out.
- Remove the magnetron thermistor assembly from the two (2) magnetrons.
- 6. Now, the magnetron thermistor assembly is free.

### 2. REINSTALLATION

- 1. Insert the magnetron thermistor assembly to the magnetron as shown in Figure C-1 and push it until the thermistor assembly stops.
  - i) The tabs of the magnetron thermistor assembly should be inserted between the 2nd. fin and 3rd. fin.
  - ii) The thermistor should be inserted between the 1st. fin and 2nd. fin.

12.Now, the rear cover with the fan motor and exhaust cover is free.

- NOTE: Do not forget to re-connect the wire leads to the exhaust fan when the rear cover and outer case cabinet are reinstalled.
- 5. Disconnect wire leads of power transformers (1) and/or (2)from high voltage capacitors (1) and/or (2).
- Remove two (2) screws holding each power transformer (1) and/or (2) to base plate.
- 7. Remove the power transformers (1) and/or (2) from base plate.
- 8. Now, power transformers (1) and/or (2) are free.
- Remove the magnetrons (1) and/or (2) from upper and/or lower waveguide with care so magnetron antenna is not hit by any metal object around antenna.
- 10.Remove the two (2) screws holding the partition plate S to each magnetron (1) and/or (2).
- 11. Remove the two (2) partition plate S from each magnetron (1) and/ or (2).
- 12.Now, the magnetrons (1) and/or (2) are free.
- CAUTION: WHEN REPLACING MAGNETRON, BE SURE THE R.F. GASKET IS IN PLACE AND MOUNTING SCREWS ARE TIGHTENED SECURELY.
- NOTE: Whenever the magnetron is replaced, replace the weak point for fan motor, too.
  - iii) And also the thermistor should be inserted center of the right and left walls of the magnetron.
- Re-install the rear cover and outer case cabinet to the oven by reversing the procedures of "OUTER CASE AND REAR COVER REMOVAL".
- NOTE: Do not forget to re-connect the wire leads to the fan motor.

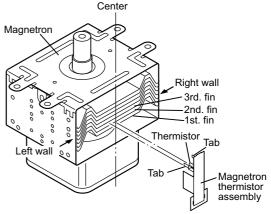


Figure C-1. Magnetron thermistor installation

### [6] HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR AND HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Remove the two (2) screws holding the capacitor unit angle to the intake duct assembly or the exhaust duct assembly.
- Remove one (1) screw holding the capacitor band to capacitor unit angle.
- 5. Remove one (1) screw holding earth side terminals of high voltage rectifier assembly to the capacitor band.

- 6. Remove the capacitor band from the high voltage capacitor.
- 7. Disconnect all wire leads from the high voltage capacitor.
- 8. Now, the capacitor (1) or (2) and the high voltage rectifier assembly are free.
- CAUTION: 1) DISCHARGE THE TWO HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR BEFORE TOUCHING ANY OVEN COMPONENTS OR WIRING.

### [7] POWER SUPPLY CORD REPLACEMENT

### 1. REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Remove the one (1) screw holding the earth wire of the power supply cord to the oven cavity.
- 4. Disconnect the wire leads of the power supply cord from the noise filter.
- 5. Remove the one (1) screw holding the power supply cord angle to the capacitor unit angle.
- 6. Remove the power supply cord angle with the power supply cord from the capacitor unit angle.
- 7. Nip the cord bushing with the bushing pliers and release it from the power supply cord angle.
- 8. Remove the cord bushing with the power supply cord from the power supply cord angle.
- 9. Remove the cord bushing from the power supply cord.

10.Now, the power supply cord is free.

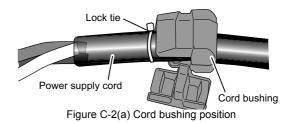
### 2. INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the cord bushing to the power supply cord so that the lock tie on the power supply cord surface comes to the end of the cord bushing as shown in the.Figure C-2.
- 2. Install the cord bushing (with the power supply cord) into the hole of the power supply cord angle with the bushing pliers.
- 3. Reinstall the power supply cord angle to the capacitor unit angle with the one (1) screw.
- 4. Install the earth wire of the power supply cord to the oven cavity with the one (1) screw.

### [8] HOW TO RELEASE THE POSITIVE LOCK CONNECTOR.

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- Push the lever of positive lock<sup>®</sup> connector, pull down the connector from terminal.
- 3. Now, the connector is free.
- CAUTION: THE POSITIVE LOCKR TERMINAL CAN NOT BE REMOVED BYJUST PULLING ON IT. THE LOCK LEVER MUST BE RELEASED TO REMOVE THE CONNECTOR FROM THE TERMINAL.
- [9] EXHAUST FAN REMOVAL
- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Make sure that the connector of the exhaust fan has been disconnected from the wire harness.

- 2) DO NOT REPLACE ONLY THE HIGH VOLTAGE REC-TIFIER. IF IT IS DEFECTIVE, REPLACE THE HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY.
- 3) WHEN REPLACING THE HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY AND THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR, THE EARTH SIDE TERMINAL OF THE HIGH VOLT-AGE RECTIFIER MUST BE SECURED FIRMLY WITH A EARTHING SCREW.
- 5. Connect the brown wire lead of the power supply cord to the source side upper terminal of the noise filter.
- 6. Connect the blue wire lead of the power supply cord to the source side lower terminal of the noise filter.
- 7. Reinstall the rear cover, the magnetron exhaust cover and the outer case cabinet and check that the oven is operating properly.



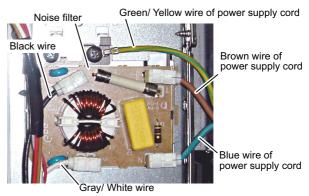


Figure C-2(b) Wiring to the noise filter

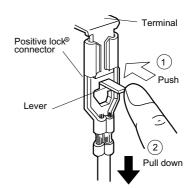


Figure C-3. How to release the positive lock® connector

- Remove the four (4) screws and the two (2) nuts holding the exhaust fan.
- 5. Now, the exhaust fan is free.

### [10] FAN MOTORS REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- Disconnect the connector of the fan motor from the connector of the wire harness.
- 4. Remove the three (3) screws holding the fan motor to the motor fixing angle and magnetron cool duct A.

### [11] ANTENNA MOTORS (UPPER AND LOWER) REMOVAL

#### 1. UPPER

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the rear cover.
- 3. Disconnect the wire leads from the antenna motor (upper).
- Remove the one (1) screw holding the antenna motor (upper) to the oven cavity.
- 5. Turn and lift up the antenna motor (upper).
- 6. Now, the antenna motor (upper) is free.

### [12] POWER UNIT REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect all wire leads and connectors from the power unit.
- 3. Remove the four (4) screws holding the power unit to the PWB holder.

### [13] CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY AND CONTROL UNIT REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS
- 2. Disconnect all connectors from the control unit.
- 3. Remove the vinyl tape with a cushion attached to the oven cavity face plate and the control panel case.
- Remove three (3) screws holding the control panel to the oven cavity face plate.
- 5. Now the control panel assembly is free.

[14] RELAY UNIT REMOVAL

cavity top plate and the noise filter angle.

1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS

the relay unit.

- 6. Remove five (5) screws holding the control unit to the panel fixing plate.
- 7. Remove the CPU protect sheet from the control unit.
- 8. Now, the control unit is free.
- CAUTION: When installing the control unit into the control panel frame:
  - 1) Be careful not to damage any of the components on the control unit.
  - 2) When inserting key units ribbon cable through the frame, ensure it is not pinched or bent.
- NOTE: 1) Before attaching a new key unit, remove remaining adhesive on the panel fixing plate surfaces completely with a soft cloth soaked in alcohol.

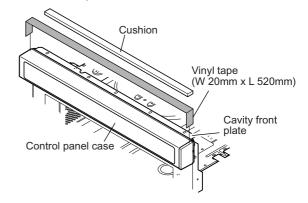
2. Disconnect all wire leads and connectors from the power unit and

3. Remove the four (4) screws holding the PWB holder to the oven

- 5. Release the wire leads of the fan motor from the wire holder.
- $\label{eq:relation} \textbf{6.} \ \textbf{Remove the fan motor from the oven cavity.}$
- 7. Now, the fan motor is free.

#### 2. LOWER

- 1. Disconnect the oven from the power supply.
- 2. Remove the two (2) screws holding the motor protect cover to the bottom plate assembly.
- 3. Remove the motor protect cover from the bottom plate assembly.
- 4. Disconnect the wire leads from the antenna motor (lower).
- 5. Remove the one (1) screw holding the antenna motor (Lower) to the oven cavity.
- 6. Now, the antenna motor (lower) is free.
- 4. Now, the power unit is free.
  - 2) When attaching the key unit to the panel fixing plate, adjust the lower edge and left edge of the key unit to the correct position of panel fixing plate.
  - 3) Stick the key unit firmly to the panel fixing plate by rubbing with soft cloth to prevent scratching.
  - 4) When the control unit is replaced, set the standard voltage referring to Special function pages.
  - Attach the vinyl tape and the cushion to the oven cavity face plate and the control panel case after the control panel assembly is installed.



- 4. Remove the PWB holder with the power unit and the relay unit from the oven cavity.
- 5. Remove the six (6) screws holding the relay unit to the PWB holder.
- 6. Remove the relay unit from the PWB holder.
- 7. Now, the relay unit is free.

9 - 4

NOTE: When the relay unit is replaced, set the standard voltage referring to Special Function pages.

# [15] DOOR SENSING SWITCH (SW5)/SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES (SW1, SW2) AND MONITOR SWITCHES (SW3, SW4) REPLACEMENT

### 1. REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect all wire leads from the all switches.
- 3. Remove two (2) screws holding latch hook to oven flange.
- 4. Remove latch hook assembly from oven flange.
- 5. Remove the switch(es) in accordance with following procedure.

#### DOOR SENSING SWITCH

Push the two (2) tabs outward and pull switch forwards to release switch.

#### MONITOR SWITCHES OR SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES

Remove one (1) screw and nut holding two switches together to latch hook.

6. Now, switch(es) is now free.

### 2. REINSTALLATION

1. Re-install the switch(es) in accordance with following procedure. <u>DOOR SENSING SWITCH</u> Mount the door sensing switch in the lower position of latch hook.

#### MONITOR SWITCHES

- 1) Mount the two (2) switches side by side in the top position of the latch hook.
- Fasten both switches together to latch hook with one (1) screw and nut.

#### SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES

- 1) Mount the two (2) switches side by side in the middle position of the latch hook.
- 2) Fasten both switches together to latch hook with one (1) screw and nut.
- 2. Re-install latch hook assembly and fasten it to oven flange with two (2) screws.
- 3. Re-connect all wire leads to all switches, referring to pictorial diagram. Be careful to ensure proper connection of the wire leads.
- Make sure that the monitor switches (SW3, SW4) and all other switches are operating properly. And check continuity of the monitor circuit. Refer to chapter "Test Procedure" and Adjustment procedure.

# [16] OOR SENSING SWITCH (SW5)/SECONDARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES (SW1, SW2) AND MONITOR SWITCHES (SW3, SW4) ADJUSTMENT

### 1. Adjustment procedure

#### 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.

If the door sensing switch, secondary interlock switches (SW1, SW2) and monitor switches (SW3, SW4) do not operate properly due to a misadjustment, the following adjustment should be made.

- 2. Loosen the two (2) screws holding latch hook to the oven cavity front flange.
- 3. With door closed, adjust latch hook by moving it back and forth, and up and down. In and out play of the door allowed by the upper and lower position of the latch hook should be less than 0.5mm. The vertical position of the latch hook should be adjusted so that the door sensing switch and secondary interlock switches (SW1, SW2) are activated with the door closed. The horizontal position of the latch hook should be adjusted so that the monitor switches (SW3, SW4) are activated with the door closed.
- 4. Secure the screws with washers firmly.
- 5. Check the operation of all switches. If all switches have not activated with the door closed, loosen two (2) screws and adjust the latch hook position.

#### 2. After adjustment, check the following.

- 1. In and out play of door remains less than 0.5mm when in the latched position.
- The door sensing switch and secondary interlock switches (SW1, SW2) interrupt the circuit before the door can be opened.

### [17] DOOR REPLACEMENT

### 1. REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT 3D CHECKS.
- 2. Disconnect the harness of the door assembly from the control unit.

- 3. Monitor switches (SW3, SW4) contacts close when door is opened.
- 4. Re-install outer case and check for microwave leakage around door with an approved microwave survey meter. (Refer to Microwave Measurement Procedure.)

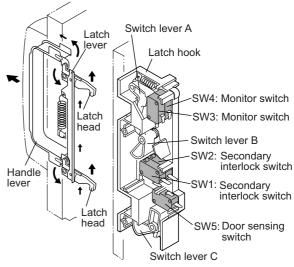


Figure C-4. Latch Switch Adjustments

- 3. Remove the two (2) screws holding each of the upper and lower hinges to the oven cavity.
- Remove door assembly with upper and lower hinges by pulling it forward.

- 5. Release upper and lower hinges and the hinge cover from door assembly.
- 6. Now, door assembly is free.
- NOTE: When individual parts are replaced, refer to "Door Disassembly".

#### 2. REINSTALLATION

- Install the hinge cover to the upper hinge. At this time, the harness of the door assembly should be passed through under the hinge cover.
- 2. Insert the upper and lower hinges into door hinge pins.
- 3. Insert the upper and lower hinges with door assembly into rectangular holes of oven cavity front plate.
- Make sure that the door is parallel with oven face lines (left and upper side line) and door latch heads pass through the latch holes correctly.
- Fasten upper and lower hinges firmly to oven cavity with two (2) screws on each hinge.

NOTE: After any service to the door;

- Make sure that door sensing switch, secondary interlock switches (1), (2) and monitor switches (1), (2) are operating properly. (Refer to chapter "Test Procedures".).
- An approved microwave survey meter should be used to assure compliance with proper microwave radiation emission limitation standards.

### 3. DOOR ADJUSTMENT

Door adjustment is performed with the door properly installed and closed and while the oven hinges are loose.

- 1. Loosen upper and lower hinges with phillips head screw driver.
- 2. Adjust the door by moving it vertically so that the top of the door is parallel to the bottom of the control panel assembly.
- 3. Tighten the upper and lower oven hinge screws.

#### 3.1. After adjustment, make sure of the following:

1. Door latch heads smoothly catch the latch hook through the latch holes, and the latch head goes through the center of the latch hole.

### [18] DOOR DISASSEMBLY

### 1. CHOKE COVER REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the door assembly from oven cavity, referring to "DOOR REMOVAL".
- Insert a putty knife (thickness of about 0.5mm) at the three (3) positions in gap between the choke cover and the door panel of the latch heads side as shown in the fig.C-6, to free engaging parts.
- Push the each four (4) positions of the upper side and lower side of chock cover by your finger as shown in the Fig.C-6, to free engaging parts.
- 4. Pull the chock cover rightward as shown in the fig.C-6, to free engaging parts.
- NOTE: As the choke cover and door panel are engage at 14 places, do not force any particular part.
- Remove the choke cover carefully. (If choke cover is broken, replace with a new one.)
- NOTE: When carrying out any repair to the door, do not bend or warp the slit choke (tabs on the door panel assembly) to prevent microwave leakage.

- 2. Deviation of the door alignment from horizontal line of cavity face plate is to be less than 1.0mm.
- 3. The door is positioned with its face depressed toward the cavity face plate.
- Re-install outer case and check for microwave leakage around door with an approved microwave survey meter. (Refer to Microwave Measurement Procedure.)
- NOTE: The door on a microwave oven is designed to act as an electronic seal preventing the leakage of microwave energy from oven cavity during cook cycle.

This function does not require that door be air-tight, moisture (condensation)-tight or light-tight. Therefore, occasional appearance of moisture, light or sensing of gentle warm air movement around oven door is not abnormal and do not of themselves, indicate a leakage of microwave energy from oven cavity. If such were the case, your oven could not be equipped with a vent, the very purpose of which is to exhaust the vapor-laden air from the oven cavity.

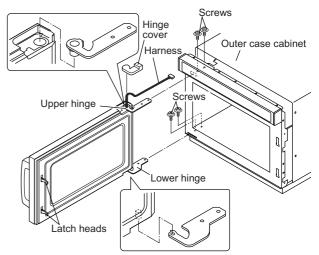
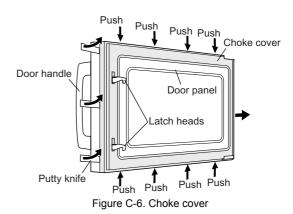


Figure C-5. Door Replacement



#### 2. DOOR PANEL REMOVAL

#### After removing choke cover;

- 1. Remove the six (6) screws holding the door panel to the door frame.
- 2. Release the harness from the hole of the door panel.
- 3. Remove the door panel from the door frame by releasing the six (6) tabs of the door frame.

### 3. KEY UNIT (IN DOOR ASSEMBLY) REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the five (5) screws holding the key fixing plate to the door frame.
- 2. Remove the key fixing plate from the door frame.
- 3. Remove the board cover from the key fixing plate.
- Disconnect the flat ribbon cable of the key unit from the connector of the switch unit.
- 5. Remove the connectors installed at the edge of the key unit ribbon cable.
- 6. Tear the key unit from the key fixing plate.
- 7. Now, the key unit is free.
- NOTE: 1) Before attaching a new key unit, remove remaining adhesive on the key fixing plate surfaces completely with a soft cloth soaked in alcohol.
  - 2) When attaching the key unit to the key fixing plate, adjust the upper edge and left edge of the key unit to the correct position of key fixing plate.
  - 3) Stick the key unit firmly to the key fixing plate by rubbing with soft cloth to prevent scratching.

#### 4. SWITCH UNIT REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the five (5) screws holding the key fixing plate to the door frame.
- 2. Remove the key fixing plate from the door frame.
- 3. Remove the board cover from the key fixing plate.
- Disconnect the flat ribbon cable of the key unit from the connector of the switch unit.
- 5. Disconnect the harness from the connector of the switch unit.
- Remove the one (1) screw holding the switch unit to the key fixing plate.
- 7. Now, the switch unit is free.

#### 5. FRONT DOOR GLASS REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the one (1) screw holding the glass stopper to the door frame.
- 2. Slide the front door glass leftward (latch heads side) and then slide it upward.
- 3. Release the upper edge of the front door glass from the tabs of the door frame.
- 4. Now, the front door glass is free.

## 6. DOOR HANDLE, DOOR LEVER AND HANDLE COVER REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the latch spring from the latch angle assembly and the latch lever.
- 2. Remove the one (1) screw holding the latch angle assembly to the door frame.
- 3. Remove the four (4) screws holding the latch angle assembly to the door handle.
- 4. Now, the door handle is free.
- 5. Remove the door lever from the latch heads.
- 6. Remove the door lever from the handle cover by releasing the tabs.
- 7. Now, the door lever and the handle cover are free.

### 7. UPPER AND LOWER LATCH HEADS REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the latch spring from the latch angle assembly and the latch lever.
- 2. Remove the one (1) screw holding the latch angle assembly to the door frame.
- 3. Remove the four (4) screws holding the latch angle assembly to the door handle.
- 4. Now, the door handle is free.
- 5. Remove the door lever from the latch heads.
- 6. Remove the two (2) latch heads and the latch lever from the latch angle assembly together.
- 7. Remove the latch heads from the latch lever.
- 8. Now, the latch heads are free.

#### 8. DOOR CASE REMOVAL

#### After removing door panel;

- 1. Remove the five (5) screws holding the key fixing plate to the door frame.
- 2. Remove the key fixing plate from the door frame.
- 3. Remove the front door glass from the door frame, referring to "FRONT DOOR GLASS REMOVAL".
- Remove the door handle, the door lever with the handle cover from the door frame, referring to "DOOR HANDLE, DOOR LEVER AND HANDLE COVER REMOVAL".
- 5. Remove the one (1) screw holding the latch angle assembly to the door frame.
- 6. Remove the latch angle assembly with the door latches from the door frame.
- 7. Bend up all nails of the door case.
- 8. Remove door case from the door frame.
- 9. Now, the door case is free

#### 9. NOTE FOR POSITION OF HARNESS AND PIPE

Before the door panel is reinstalled, make sure that the pipe should be positioned at the correct place. And the harness should pass through the holder of the door frame and the pipe, as shown in Fig.C-7.

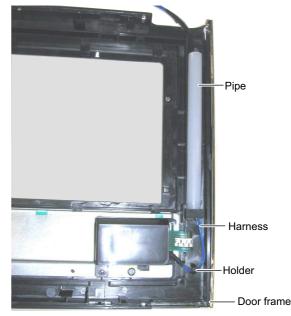
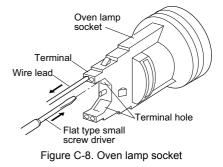


Figure C-7. Inside of door

## [19] OVEN LAMP AND LAMP SOCKET REMOVAL

- 1. CARRY OUT <u>3D</u> CHECKS.
- 2. Remove the oven lamp.
- 3. By pushing the tab, remove the lamp spacer with the lamp socket from the lamp angle assembly.
- 4. Remove the lamp spacer from the lamp socket.
- 5. Pull the wire leads from the oven lamp socket by pushing the terminal hole of the oven lamp socket with the small flat type screw driver.
- 6. Now, the oven lamp socket is free.



# **CHAPTER 10. MICROWAVE MEASUREMENT**

After adjustment of door latch switches, monitor switch and door are completed individually or collectively, the following leakage test must be performed with a survey instrument and it must be confirmed that the result meets the requirements of the performance standard for microwave oven.

#### REQUIREMENT

The safety switch must prevent microwave radiation emission in excess of 5mW/cm<sup>2</sup> at any point 5cm or more from external surface of the oven.

#### PREPARATION FOR TESTING

Before beginning the actual test for leakage, proceed as follows;

1. Make sure that the test instrument is operating normally as specified in its instruction booklet.

Important:

Survey instruments that comply with the requirement for instrumentations as prescribed by the performance standard for microwave ovens must be used for testing.

Recommended instruments are:

NARDA 8100

**NARDA 8200** 

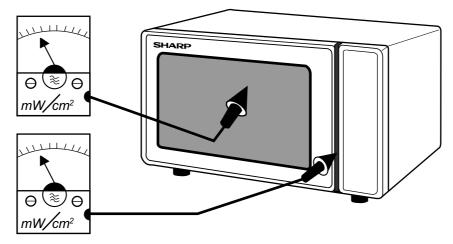
HOLADAY HI 1500

SIMPSON 380M

- 2. Place the oven tray into the oven cavity.
- 3. Place the load of 275 ±15ml of water initially at 20 ±5°C in the centre of the oven tray. The water container should be a low form of 600 ml beaker with inside diameter of approx. 8.5cm and made of an electrically non-conductive material such as glass or plastic.

The placing of this standard load in the oven is important not only to protect the oven, but also to insure that any leakage is measured accurately.

- 4. Close the door and turn the oven ON with the timer set for several minutes. If the water begins to boil before the survey is completed, replace it with 275ml of cool water.
- 5. Move the probe slowly (not faster that 2.5cm/sec.) along the gap.
- 6. The microwave radiation emission should be measured at any point of 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven.



Microwave leakage measurement at 5 cm distance

# **CHAPTER 11. TEST DATA AT A GLANCE**

PARTS	SYMBOL	VALUE / DATA
Temperature fuse (Upper Mag.)	TF1	150°C
Temperature fuse (Lower Mag.)	TF2	150°C
Temperature fuse (Oven)	TF3	120°C
Magnetron thermistor (Upper)	TH	Approx. 750k $\Omega$ at the room temperature
Magnetron thermistor (Lower)	TH	Approx. 750k $\Omega$ at the room temperature
Oven lamp	OL	240V 25W
High voltage capacitor for R-1500AT	C1, C2	0.82µF AC 2300V
High voltage capacitor for R-2100AT	C1, C2	1.13µF AC 2300V
Power transformer	T1, T2	Filament winding < 1 $\Omega$
		Secondary winding Approx. 76Ω
		Primary winding Approx. 1.3Ω
Magnetron	MG1, MG2	Filament < 1Ω
		Filament - chassis $\infty \Omega$

WARNING: DISCONNECT THE PLUG WHEN MEASURING RESISTANCE

# R1500AT CHAPTER 12. CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

## [1] Oven Schematic

SCHEMATIC NOTE: CONDITION OF OVEN

- 1. DOOR CLOSED.
- 2. PLUGGED IN OVEN.
- 3. NOTHING APPEAR ON DISPLAY.

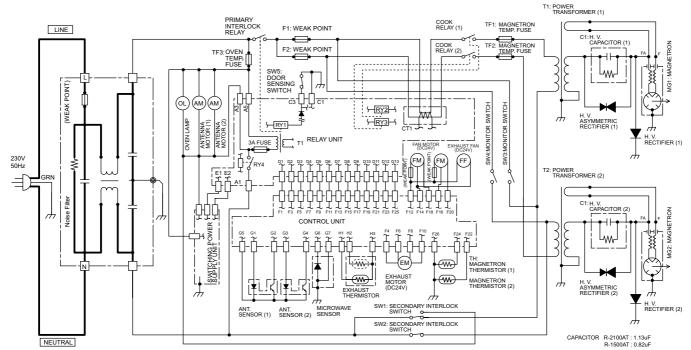
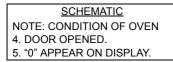


Figure O-1a Oven Schematic-OFF condition right after the oven is plugged in.



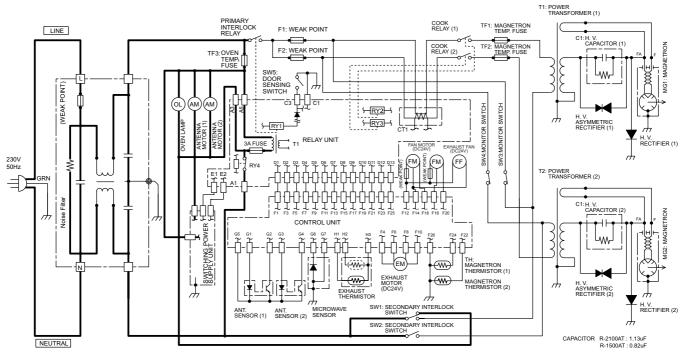


Figure O-1b Oven Schematic-OFF condition when the oven door is opened.

<u>SCHEMATIC</u> NOTE: CONDITION OF OVEN 6. DOOR CLOSED. 7. "0" APPEAR ON DISPLAY.

NOTE: The relay RY4 will open if the oven is not operated for 3 minutes or more. And the oven condition will go back to one of Figure O-1(a).

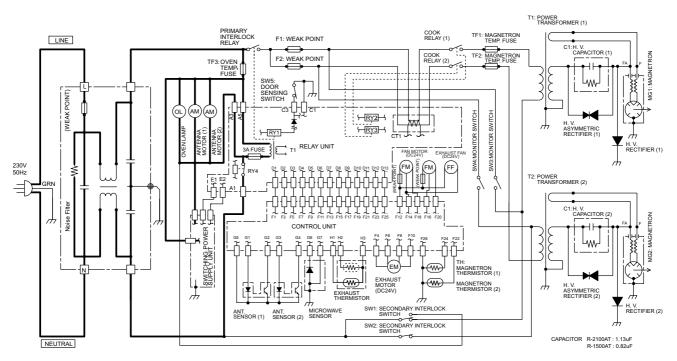


Figure O-1c Oven Schematic-OFF condition after the oven door is closed.

SCHEMATIC NOTE: CONDITION OF OVEN 1. DOOR CLOSED. 2. MANUAL/ REPEAT PAD TOUCHED.

- 3. COOKING TIME PROGRAMMED.
- 4. STRAT PAD TOUCHED.

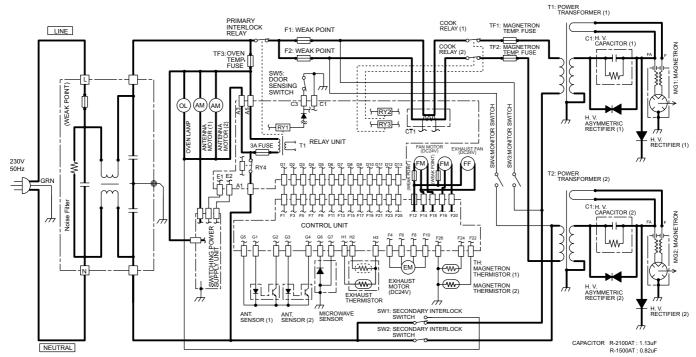
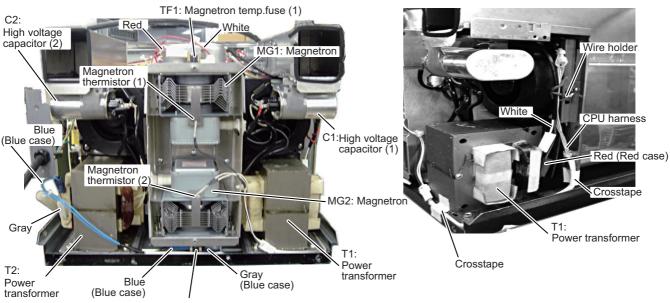


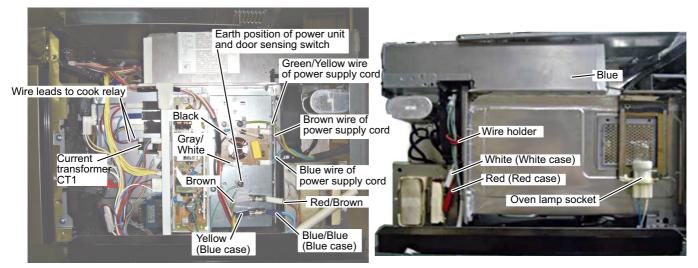
Figure O-2 Oven Schematic-Cooking Condition

# R1500AT [2] Figure S-1. Pictorial Diagram



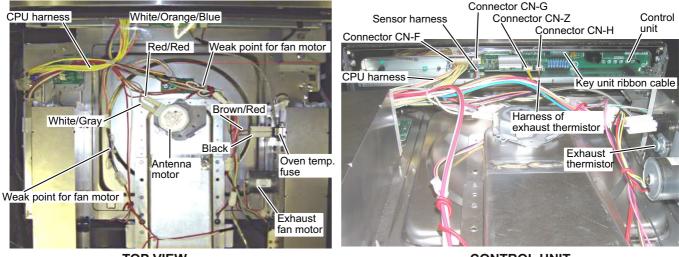
TF2: Magnetron temp.fuse (2)

**REAR VIEW** 



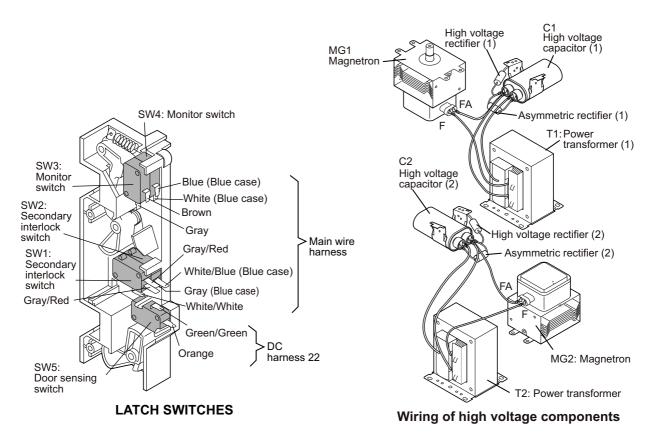
**RIGHT SIDE VIEW** 

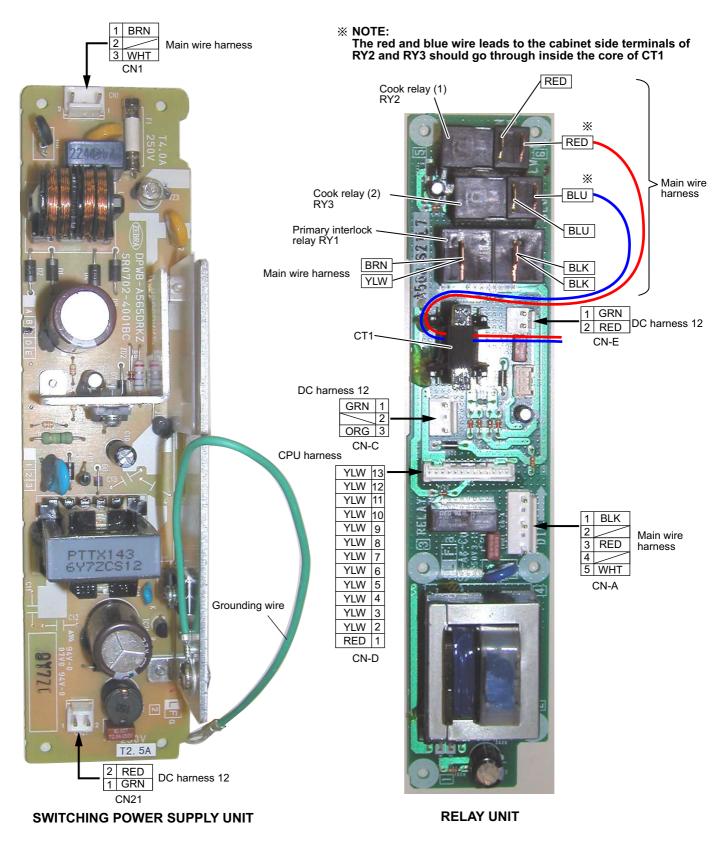
LEFT SIDE VIEW



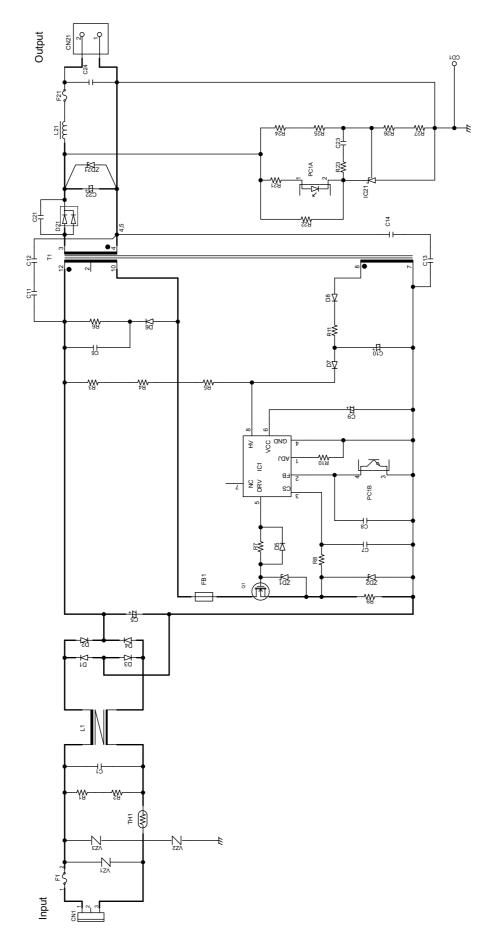
TOP VIEW

**CONTROL UNIT** 

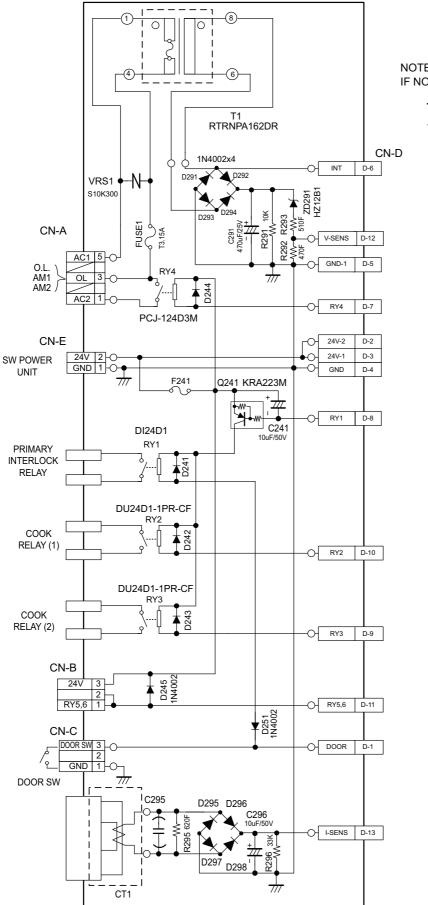




# [3] Figure S-2. Switching Power Supply Unit Circuit



R1500AT [4] Figure S-3. Relay Unit Circuit

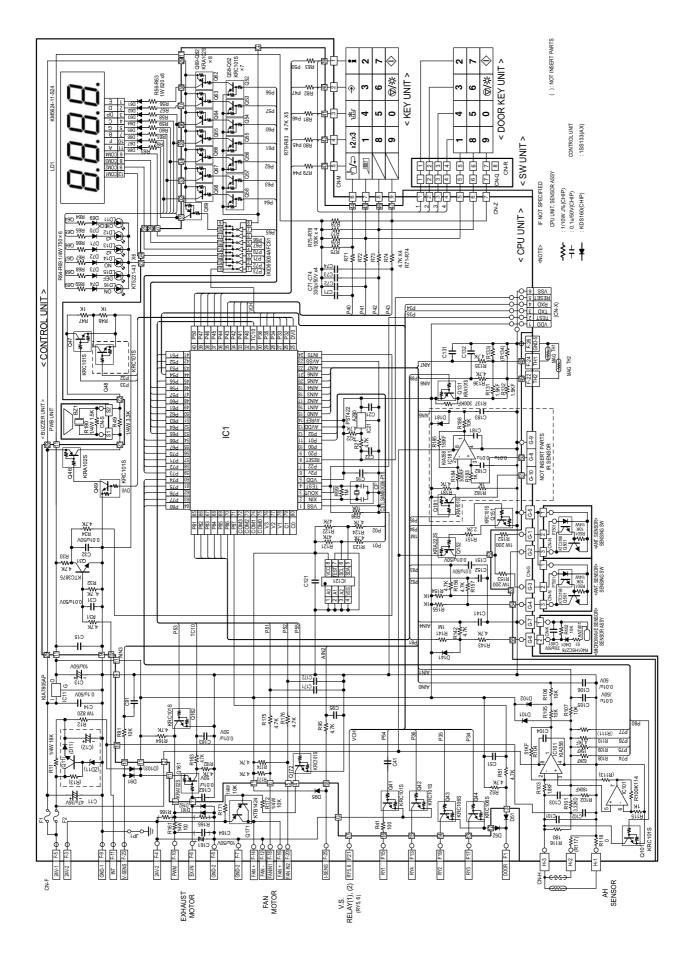


NOTE: IF NOT SPECIFIED

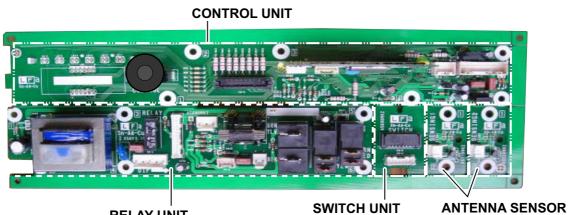
-₩- : 1/4W J% -₩- : 1SS133

- () : NOT INSERT PARTS
- : CHECK POINT

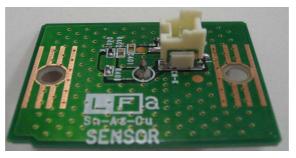
# [5] Figure S-4. Control Unit/ Antenna sensor/ Microwave Sensor Circuit



# R1500AT [6] Figure S-5. Printed Wiring Board



**RELAY UNIT** 



**MICROWAVE SENSOR** 



SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY UNIT

# SHARP PARTS LIST

#### HOW TO ORDER REPLACEMENT PARTS

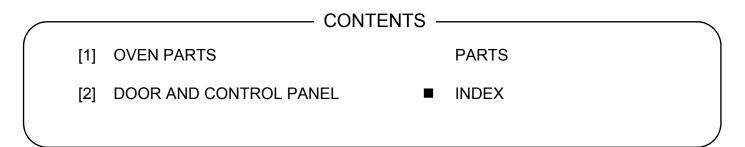
To have your order filled promptly and correctly, please furnish the following information.

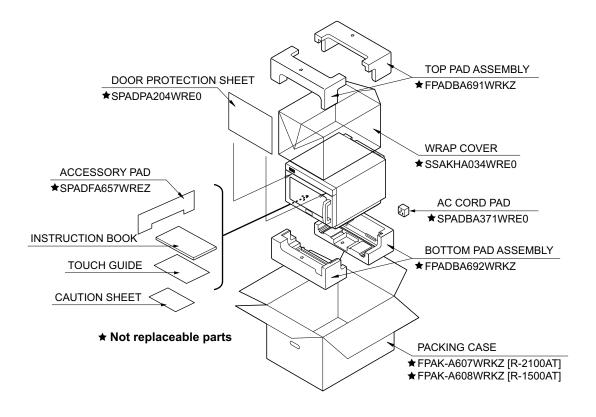
- 1. MODEL NUMBER
- 2. REF. NO.
- 3. PART NO.
- 4. DESCRIPTION

# COMMERCIAL MICROWAVE OVEN

# MODELS R-1500AT R-2100AT

Parts marked "\*" may cause undue microwave exposure. Parts marked " $\triangle$ " are used in voltage more than 250V.

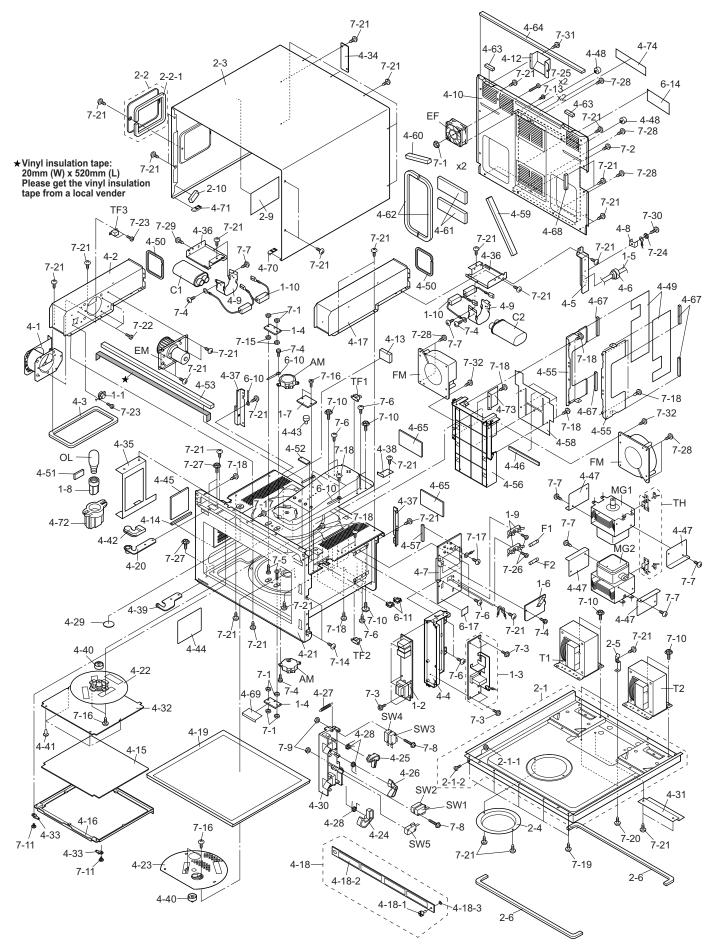




# SHARP CORPORATION

This document has been published to be used for after sales service only. The contents are subject to change without notice.

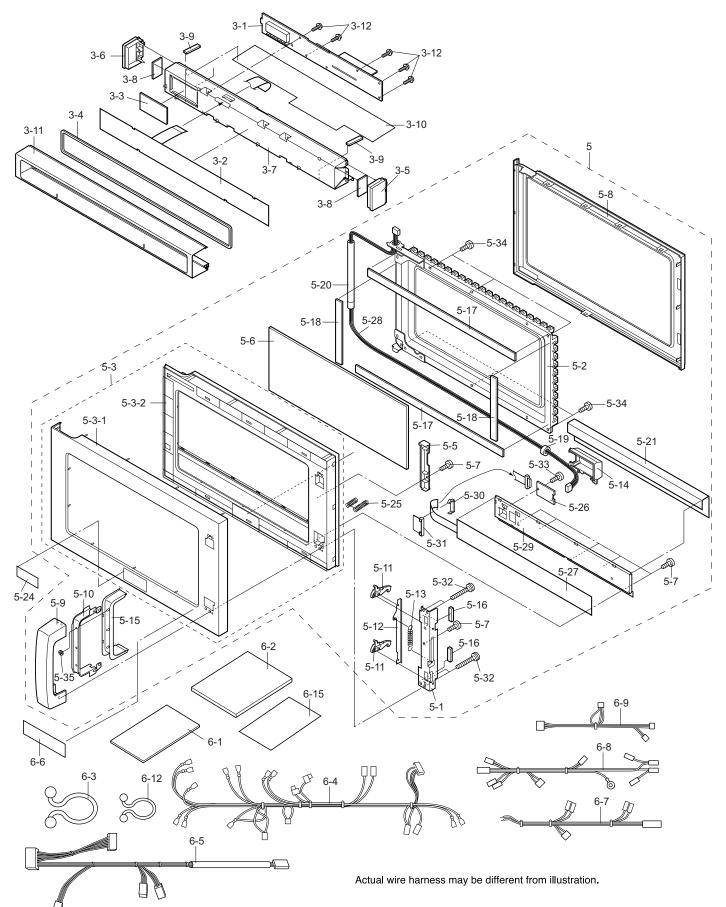
## R1500AT [1] OVEN PARTS



NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	Part Rank	DESCRIPTION		
[1] OVEN PARTS							
ELECTRIC	PARTS						
1-1		AV			Sensor assembly (Exhaust thermistor)		
1-2		BH			Relay Unit		
1-3		BF			Power Unit (Switching Power Sipply Unit)		
1-4		BA			Sensing SW (Antenna sensor)		
1-5	FACCVA019WRKZ	BF			Power Supply Cord		
1-6		AS			Noise Filter		
1-7	DPWB-A570DRKZ	BA			Sensor assembly (Microwave Sensor)		
1-8		AH			Oven Lamp Socket		
1-9		AH			Fuse Holder		
1-10		AP			High Voltage Rectifier assembly		
AM		AS			Antenna Motor		
C1	RC-QZA315WRZZ	AZ			High Voltage Capacitor [R-2100AT]		
C1	RC-QZA363WRZZ	AS			High Voltage Capacitor [R-1500AT]		
C2	RC-QZA315WRZZ	AZ			High Voltage Capacitor [R-2100AT]		
C2	RC-QZA363WRZZ	AS			High Voltage Capacitor [R-1500AT]		
EF		BF			Exhaust Fan Motor (DC24V)		
EM		BP			Exhaust Motor assembly (DC24V)		
F1	QFS-CA024WRE0	AH			Fuse F8A		
F2		AH			Fuse F8A		
FM	RMOT-A036WRZZ	BD			Fan Motor (DC24V)		
MG1	RV-MZA369WRZZ	BG			Magnetron		
MG2		BG			Magnetron		
OL	RLMPTA078WRE0	AL			Oven Lamp		
SW1		AF			Secondary Interlock Switch (1)		
SW2		AF			Secondary Interlock Switches (2)		
SW5		AF			Door Sensing Switches		
SW3 SW4		AF			Monitor Switch Monitor Switch		
	RTRN-A788WRZZ	BU			Power Transformer		
T2	RTRN-A788WRZZ QFS-TA014WRE0	BU			Power Transformer		
TF1 TF2		AG			Magnetron Temp. Fuse 150C Magnetron Temp. Fuse 150C		
TF3		AG AG			DM 120V Fuse (Oven Temp. Fuse)		
TH		AG			Thermistor assembly (Magnetron thermistor)		
CABINET				1			
2-1		BP			Bottom plate assembly		
2-1-1		AA			Special Nut		
2-1-2		AL			Special screw (Filter Stopper L)		
2-2	FFTASA076WRYZ	AM			Oven Lamp Aaccess Cover		
2-2-1	PCUSUA651WRPZ	AD			Cushion		
2-3	GCABUB125WRPZ	BN			Outer Case Cabnet		
2-4		AH			Motor Protect Cover		
2-5		AG			Cavity Fixing Plate		
2-6		AM			Rubber Sheet L		
2-9		AL			Damper Sheet		
2-10		AD			Cabinet Cushion		
4-1		AR			Fan Case assembly		
4-2		AV			Exhaust Duct assembly		
4-3 4-4		AG			Cushion PWB Holder		
4-4		AN AM			AC Cord Angle		
4-5		AM			Cord Bushing		
4-0		AL			Noise Filter Angle		
4-8		AL			Earth Angle		
4-9		AK			Hv Capacitor Band		
4-10		BB			Rear Cover assembly [R-1500AT]		
4-10		BB			Rear Cover assembly [R-2100AT]		
4-12	PGiDHA069WRPZ	ĀĒ			Exhaust Cover		
4-13		AE			Bottom Cushion B		
4-14		AC			Lamp Cushion		
4-15		BH			Cover		
4-16		AY			Frame		
4-17		AV			Intake Duct assembly		
4-18		BA			Air Fillter Unit		
4-18-1		AM			Filter Stopper R		
	PFiL-A040WRYZ	AW			Air Fillter		
<u>4-18-3</u> 4-19		AA BT			Ring Oven Tray assembly		
4-19					Oven Tray assembly		
4-20		AT BX			Upper Hinge assembly Cavity assembly		
4-21		AZ			Upper Antenna assembly		
4-22		BA			Lower Antenna assembly		
4-23		AG			Switch Lever C		
4-24		AG			Switch Lever A		
4-25		AG			Switch Lever B		
4-20		AG			Latch Spring A		
		AC			Latch Spring B		
4-78					Sus Sheet		
4-28 4-29	PSHEPB353WRF7	AH					
		AH AM			Latch Hook		

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	Part Rank	DESCRIPTION
[1] OVE	N PARTS			
4-32	GCOVPA027WRPZ	AN		Antenna Cover
4-33	JKNBKA800WRFZ	AM		Antenna Cover Knob
4-34	LANGKB292WRPZ	AM		Support Angle
4-35	FANGQA180WRYZ	AS		Lamp Angle assembly
4-36	LANGQA752WRPZ	AF		Capacitor Unit Angle
4-37	LANGQA702WRPZ	AM		Motor Fixing Angle
4-38	LSUB-A137WRPZ	AE		Face Support Angle
4-39	MHNG-A592WRPZ	AP		Lower Hinge
4-40	NSFTPA045WRFZ	AN		Stirrer Shaft
4-41	PCLiC0018WRE0	AB		Clip L
4-42	PCOVPA480WRFZ	AG		Hinge Cover
4-43	PCOVPA496WRFZ	AK		Sensor Cover
4-44	PFiLWA064WRPZ	AF		Lamp Filter
4-45	PGLSPA720WREZ	AH		Lamp Glass
4-46	PCUSGA761WRPZ	AE		Fan Duct Cushion
4-47	PSKR-A462WRPZ	AF		Partition Angle S
4-48	GLEGPA033WRE0	AA		Leg
4-49	GCŌVPA022WRPZ	AG		Partition Cover
4-50	PCUSGA745WRPZ	AD		Cushion B
4-51	PCUSGA750WRPZ	AC		Lamp Cushion
4-52	PCUSGA751WRPZ	AC		Cavity Top Cushion
4-53	PCUSGA752WRPZ	AD		Cavity Face Cushion
4-55	PSKR-A464WRPZ	AK		Partition Angle L
4-56	PDUC-B056WRFZ	AN		Mg Cool Duct A
4-57	PCUSGA757WRPZ	AF		Filter Cushion
4-58	PDUC-B046WRPZ	AK		Mg Cool Duct B
4-59	PCUSGA742WRPZ	AF		Rear Cushion A
4-60	PCUSGA743WRPZ	AF		Rear Cushion B
4-61	PCUSGA744WRPZ	AF		Rear Cushion C
4-62	PCUSGA746WRPZ	AG		Rear Cushion D
4-63	PCUSGA747WRPZ	AD		Rear Cushion E
4-64	PCUSGA748WRPZ	AF		Rear Cushion F
4-65	PCUSGA758WRPZ	AN		Cavity Back Sheet
4-67	PCUSGA766WRPZ	AC		Magnetron Cushion
4-68	PCUSGA767WRPZ	AC		Rear Cushion G
4-69	PSHEPB323WREZ	AF		Insertion Barrer
4-70	PCOVPA523WRFZ	AF		Edge Protect Cap R
4-71	PCOVPA522WRFZ	AF		Edge Protect Cap L
4-72	PSPASA027WRFZ	AF		Lamp Spacer
4-73	PSKR-A500WRPZ	AK		Wind plate
	PSHEPB455WREZ	AF		Water protect film
MISCELLAN				
		AD AF	 	Wire Holder
6-11	LHLDWA063WREZ TCAUHA168WRR0	AF		Wire Holder H caution label
	TLABSA105WRRZ	AF		F8 Fuse Label
	IUTS AND WASHE	AF		FO FUSE Label
	LX-NZ0061WRE0	AA		Special Nut
7-1		AA		Special Screw
7-2		AB		Screw: 3mm x 8mm
7-3				
7-4		AB		Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-5	XBTUW40P12000 XOTS740P08000	AB	 	Screw: 4mm x 12mm Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-6	XHTS740P08000 XHTS740P08000	AA AC	 	Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-7	XBPS730P28KS0	AC	 	Screw: 3mm x 28mm
7-8	XNES730-24000	AB	 	Nut
7-10	LX-BZA164WREZ	AC	 	Special Screw
7-10	LX-BZA184WREZ	AC	 	Special Screw
7-11	XHPS730P06000	AB	 	Screw: 3mm x 6mm
7-13	LX-CZ0052WRE0	AA	 	Special Screw
7-14	XNGUW40-24000	AA	 	Nut
7-15		AE	 	Special Screw
7-16	LX-BZA132WREZ	AB	 	
7-17	XETS740P10000		 	Special Screw
7-18	LX-CZA085WREZ	AA		Screw: 4mm x 10mm
	XHTWW40P08000	AB		Special Screw
7-20		AC	 L	Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-21	XOTWW40P08000	AB	 	Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-22	XFPWW30P06000	AD	 	Screw: 3mm x 6mm
7-23	XCBWW30P08000	AB	 	Screw: 3mm x 8mm
7-24	LX-WZA035WRE0	AB		Special Washer
7-25	XBPS740P35000	AD	L	Screw: 4mm x 35mm
7-26	XCPS730P10000	AA		Screw: 3mm x 10mm
7-27	LX-BZA169WREZ	AC		Special Screw
7-28	XOTWW40P10000	AA		Screw: 4mm x 10mm
		AB		Screw: 4mm x 8mm
7-29	XCHWW40P08000			
7-29 7-30	XHTS740P12RV0	AC		Screw: 4mm x 12mm
7-29				Screw: 4mm x 12mm Screw: 4mm x 8mm

# [2] DOOR AND CONTROL PANEL PARTS



NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	Part Rank	DESCRIPTION
[2] DO	OR AND CONTROL	PANEL P	PARTS	;	
CONTROL	PANEL PARTS				
3-1		BR			Control Unit [R2100AT]
3-1	DPWB-A765DRKZ	BR			Control Unit [R1500AT]
3-2		AV			Key Unit
3-3		AL			Display Window
3-4		AK			Panel Grill
3-5		AL			Panel Cap R
3-6		AL			Panel Cap L
<u>3-7</u> 3-8	LANGQA676WRWZ	AP			Panel Fixed Plate
3-9		AF AC			Cp Cushion B
3-10		AU			CPU Protect Sheet
3-11		AR			C/P Case
3-12		AC			Screw
DOOR PAR		710			
	CDORFB149WRKZ	BY			Door assembly
5-1	FANGKA225WRYZ	AN			Latch Angle assembly
5-2	FDORFA436WRYZ	BB			Door Panel Sub assembly
5-3		BE			Door Case assembly
5-3-1		BA			Door Case
5-3-2	GWAK-A012WRFZ	AX			Door Frame
5-5		AG			Glass Stopper
5-6	PGLSPA767WREZ	AN			Front Door Glass
<u>5-7</u> 5-8	XEPS740P08000 GCOVHA525WRFZ	AB AS			Screw: 4mm x 8mm Choke Cover
5-9		BD			Door Handle
5-10	JHNDMA062WRPZ	AK			Handle Lever
5-11		AP			Latch Head
5-12		AG			Latch Lever
5-13		AD			Latch Spring
5-14		AG			Board Cover
5-15	PCOVPA477WRFZ	AM			Handle Cover
5-16	PCUSGA720WRPZ	AG			Latch Angle Cushion
5-17		AE			Door Cushion L
5-18	PCUSGA737WRPZ	AF			Door Cushion R
5-19		AC			Harness Cushion
5-20		AF			Pipe
5-21	PSHEPB325WREZ	AK			Key Protect Cover
<u>5-24</u> 5-24		AG AG			Door Badge [R-2100AT] Door Badge [R-1500AT]
5-25		AG			Earth Spring
5-26		BA			Switch Unit
5-27		AV			Key Unit
5-28		AS			Door Key harnes
5-29	LANGTA440WRPZ	AN			Key Fixing Plate
5-30		AF			Connector
5-31		AF			Connector
5-32		AC			Screw: 4mm x 25mm
	XCPS730P08XS0	AC			Screw: 3mm x 8mm
	XEPS740P10000	AA			Screw: 4mm x 10mm
	LX-RZ180AKRE0	AA			Special Ring
MISCELLA		100			Key Caidenee (Touch Cuide)
6-1	TCADRA036WRRZ TiNSMA029WRRZ	AG AN			Key-Gaidance (Touch Guide) Inst Book (Operation Manual)
6-2		AN			Purse Lock LL
6-4		AC			Main Harness
6-5		AZ			CPU Harnes
6-6		AE		-	Caution Label
6-7		AZ			Oven harness
6-8		AS			DC harness
6-9		AR			Sensor harness
6-12		AB			Purse Lock M
6-15	TCAUHA276WRRZ	AH			Caution Sheet

## ■INDEX

PARTS CODE	No.	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	PARTS CODE	No.		NEW MARK	
[ C ]					LHLDWA011WRE0	2-6-12	AB		
CDORFB149WRKZ	2-5	BY			LHLDWA013WRE0	2-6-3	AC		
					LHLDWA063WREZ	1-6-11	AF		
DDA i - A217WRKZ	1-2-1	BP				2-5-30	AF		
DDUC-A071WRKZ	1-4-2	AV			LRTNPA002DRZZ LSTPPA261WRFZ	2-5-31 2-5-5	AF AG		
DDUC-A072WRKZ	1-4-17	AV			LSTPPA281WRFZ	2-5-5	AG		
DH-HZA017WRKZ DPWB-A565DRKZ	1 -TH 1 -1 - 3	AY BF		┝───┤ ┝	LSUB-A137WRPZ	1-4-38	AF		
DPWB-A568DRKZ	1-1-2	BH			LX-BZA132WREZ	1-7-16	AB		
DPWB-A569DRKZ	2-5-26	BA			LX-BZA138WREZ	1-7-17	AB		
DPWB-A570DRKZ	1-1-7	BA			LX-BZA164WREZ	1-7-10	AC		
DPWB-A571DRKZ	1-1-4	BA		F	LX-BZA169WREZ	1-7-27	AC		
DPWB-A763DRKZ	2-3-1	BR			LX-BZA178WREZ	1-4-18-1	AM		
DPWB-A765DRKZ	2-3-1	BR			LX-BZA179WREZ	1-2-1-2	AL		
					LX-BZA181WREZ	1-7-11	AH		
FACCVA019WRKZ	1-1-5	BF			LX-BZA199WREZ	1-7-2	AE		
FANGKA225WRYZ	2-5-1	AN			LX-CZ0052WRE0	1-7-14	AA		
FANGQA180WRYZ	1-4-35	AS			LX-CZA085WREZ	1-7-19	AB		
FCAS-A026WRYZ	1-4-1	AR			LX-NZ0061WRE0	1-7-1	AA		
FCOV-A018WRKZ	2-5-3	BE			//	1-2-1-1	AA		
FCOVAA093WRYZ	1-4-10	BB			LX-RZ180AKRE0	2-5-35	AA		
FCOVAA097WRYZ	1-4-10	BB			LX-WZA035WRE0	1-7-24	AB		
FDORFA436WRYZ	2-5-2	BB			[ M ]				L
FDTCTA239WRKZ	1-1-1	AV			MHNG-A592WRPZ	1-4-39	AP		
FFiL-A014WRKZ	1-4-18	BA			MLEVCA001WRFZ	1-4-24	AG		
FFTASA076WRYZ	1-2-2	AM			MLEVFA091WRWZ	2-5-12	AG		
FGLSPA069WRFZ	1-4-19	BT			MLEVPA279WRFZ	1-4-25	AG		
FH-DZA145WRZZ	1 - 1 - 1 0	AP			MLEVPA280WRFZ	1-4-26	AG		
FHNG-A370WRYZ	1-4-20	AT			MSPRCA165WREZ	1-4-27	AC		
FMOT-A031WRKZ	1 -EM	BP			MSPRCA166WREZ	1-4-28	AC		
FÖVN-A602WRWZ	1-4-21	BX			MSPRCA174WREZ	2-5-25	AF		
FPLT-A025WRYZ	1-4-22	AZ			MSPRTA190WRE0	2-5-13	AD		
FPLT-A026WRYZ	1-4-23	BA							
FPWBFA445WRKZ	1-1-6	AS			NSFTPA045WRFZ	1-4-40	AN		
FUNTKB195WREZ	2-3-2	AV			[ P ]				
FUNTKB197WREZ	2-5-27	AV			PCL i C0018WRE0	1-4-41	AB		
FW-VZC153WREZ	2-5-28	AS			PCOVPA476WRFZ	2-5-14	AG		
FW-VZC157WREZ	2-6-9	AR			PCOVPA477WRFZ	2-5-15	AM		
FW-VZC160WREZ	2-6-5	AZ			PCOVPA480WRFZ	1-4-42	AG		
FW-VZC168WREZ	2-6-8	AS			PCOVPA496WRFZ	1-4-43	AK		
FW-VZC203WREZ FW-VZC228WREZ	2-6-7	AZ AZ			PCOVPA515WRFZ PCOVPA522WRFZ	1-4-16	AY		
	2-0-4	AZ			PCOVPA522WRFZ PCOVPA523WRFZ	1-4-70	AF		
	1-2-3	BN		-	PCUSGA720WRPZ	2-5-16	AF		
GCABUB125WRPZ GCOVAA389WRPZ	2-3-11	AR		-	PCUSGA720WRFZ PCUSGA721WRPZ	1-4-3	AG		
GCOVAA389WRPZ	2-3-11	BA			PCUSGA736WRPZ	2-5-17	AG		
GCOVHA525WRFZ	2-5-8	AS			PCUSGA737WRPZ	2-5-18	AF		
GCOVHA526WRPZ	1-2-4	AB			PCUSGA738WRPZ	2-5-19	AC		
GCOVHA527WRPZ	1-4-31	AG		┝───┤ ┝	PCUSGA740WRPZ	1-4-13	AE		
GCOVPA022WRPZ	1-4-49	AG			PCUSGA742WRPZ	1-4-59	AF		
GCOVPA026WRPZ	1-4-15	BH		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA743WRPZ	1-4-60	AF		
GCOVPA027WRPZ	1-4-32	AN		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA744WRPZ	1-4-61	AF		
GLEGPA033WRE0	1-4-48	AA		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA745WRPZ	1-4-50	AD		1
GMAD i A189WRFZ	2-3-3	AL		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA746WRPZ	1-4-62	AG		
GWAK-A012WRFZ	2-5-3-2	AX		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA747WRPZ	1-4-63	AD		1
GWAKPB142WRFZ	2-3-4	AK			PCUSGA748WRPZ	1-4-64	AF		
[H]				┝──┤┝	PCUSGA750WRPZ	1-4-51	AC		1
HBDGCA135WRRZ	2-5-24	AG		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA751WRPZ	1-4-52	AC		
HBDGCA136WRRZ	2-5-24	AG		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA752WRPZ	1-4-53	AD		
HDECQA372WRMZ	2-3-5	AL			PCUSGA753WRPZ	2-3-8	AF		Ì
HDECQA373WRMZ	2-3-6	AL		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA754WRPZ	2-3-9	AC		1
				┝──┤┝	PCUSGA756WRPZ	1-2-10	AD		
JHNDMA058WRMZ	2-5-9	BD		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA757WRPZ	1-4-57	AF		
JHNDMA062WRPZ	2-5-10	AK		┝──┤┝	PCUSGA758WRPZ	1-4-65	AN		
JKNBKA800WRFZ	1-4-33	AM			PCUSGA761WRPZ	1-4-46	AE		
					PCUSGA766WRPZ	1-4-67	AC		
LANGKB285WRPZ	1-2-5	AG		╞──┤└	PCUSGA767WRPZ	1-4-68	AC		
LANGKB292WRPZ	1-4-34	AM			PCUSGA768WRPZ	1-4-14	AC		
LANGQA556WRMZ	1-4-8	AL			PCUSUA651WRPZ	1-2-2-1	AD		
LANGQA676WRWZ	2-3-7	AP		╞──┤└	PDUC-B046WRPZ	1-4-58	AK		
LANGQA702WRPZ	1-4-37	AM			PDUC-B056WRFZ	1-4-56	AN		
LANGQA738WRWZ	1-4-7	AL		╞──┤└	PFiL-A040WRYZ	1-4-18-2	AW		
LANGQA752WRPZ	1-4-36	AF			PFiLWA064WRPZ	1 - 4 - 4 4	AF		
LANGQA755WRWZ	1-4-5	AM			PFPF-A299WREZ	1-2-9	AL		
LANGTA440WRPZ	2-5-29	AN			PGiDHA069WRPZ	1-4-12	AF		
LBNDKA166WREZ	1-6-10	AD			PGLSPA720WREZ	1-4-45	AH		
LBNDKA182WRPZ	1-4-9	AK			PGLSPA767WREZ	2-5-6	AN		
	1-4-6	AD			PHOK-A164WRFZ	1-4-30	AM		
LBSHC0006YBE0	140	AD			PPiPPA017WRFZ	2-5-20	AF		

PARTS CODE	No.	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK
PSHEGA011WREZ	1-2-6	AM		
PSHEPB323WREZ	1-4-69	AF		
PSHEPB325WREZ	2-5-21	AK		
PSHEPB332WREZ	2-3-10	AN		
PSHEPB353WREZ PSHEPB455WREZ	1-4-29	AH		
PSKR-A462WRPZ	1-4-47	AF		
PSKR-A464WRPZ	1-4-55	AK		
PSKR-A500WRPZ	1-4-73	AK		
PSPASA027WRFZ	1-4-72	AF		
[Q]				
QFS-CA024WRE0	1-F1	AH		
//	1 – F 2	AH		
QFSHDA019WRE0	1-1-9	AH		
QFS-TA014WRE0	1-TF1	AG		
	1-TF2 1-TF3	AG		
QSOCLA024WRE0	1-1-8	AH		
QSW-MA085WRE0	1-SW2	AF		
//	1-SW5	AF		
QSW-MA086WRE0	1 -SW3	AF		
//	1-SW4	AF		
QSW-MA087WRE0	1-SW1	AF		
RC-QZA315WRZZ	1-C1	AZ		
//	1-C2	AZ		
RC-QZA363WRZZ	1-C1 1-C2	AS		
	1-02 1-0L	AS AL		
RMOT-A036WRZZ	1 -FM	BD		
RMOT-A037WRZZ	1-EF	BF		
RMŌTDA238WRZZ	1 – AM	AS		
RTRN-A788WRZZ	1-T1	BU		
//	1-T2	BU		
RV-MZA369WRZZ	1-MG1	BG		
//	1 -MG2	BG		
TCADRA036WRRZ	2-6-1	AG		
TCAUAA249WRR0 TCAUHA168WRR0	2-6-6 1-6-14	AE		
TCAUHA276WRRZ	2-6-15	AH		
T i NSMA029WRRZ	2-6-2	AN		
TLABSA105WRRZ	1-6-17	AF		
XBPS730P28KS0	1-7-8	AB		
XBPS740P25K00	2-5-32	AC		
XBPS740P35000	1-7-25	AD		
XBTUW40P12000	1-7-5	AB		
XCBWW30P08000	1-7-23	AB		
XCHWW40P08000	1-7-29 2-3-12	AB AC		
XCPS730P08XS0 //	2-3-12 2-5-33	AC		
	1-7-26	AC		
XEPS730P08XS0	1-7-3	AB		
XEPS740P08000	2-5-7	AB		
XEPS740P10000	2-5-34	AA		
XETS740P10000	1-7-18	AA		
XETS740P12000	1-7-32	AC		
XFPWW30P06000	1-7-22	AD		
XHPS730P06000	1-7-13	AB		
XHPS740P08K00	1-7-4	AB		
XHTS740P08000 XHTS740P12RV0	1-7-7	AC		
XHTS740P12RV0 XHTWW40P08000	1-7-20	AC		
XNES730-24000	1-7-20	AC		
XNGUW40-24000	1-7-15	AE		
XŌTS740P08000	1-7-6	AA		
XŌTWW40P08000	1-7-21	AB		
XŌTWW40P10000	1-7-28	AA		
XREUW40-06000	1-4-18-3	AA		
XTPWW40P08000	1-7-31	AD		